

Hope College

Hope College Digital Commons

[Holland City News: 1893](#)

[Holland City News: 1890-1899](#)

11-4-1893

Holland City News, Volume 22, Number 41: November 4, 1893

Holland City News

Follow this and additional works at: https://digitalcommons.hope.edu/hcn_1893



Part of the [Archival Science Commons](#)

Recommended Citation

Holland City News, "Holland City News, Volume 22, Number 41: November 4, 1893" (1893). *Holland City News: 1893*. 44.

https://digitalcommons.hope.edu/hcn_1893/44

This Book is brought to you for free and open access by the Holland City News: 1890-1899 at Hope College Digital Commons. It has been accepted for inclusion in Holland City News: 1893 by an authorized administrator of Hope College Digital Commons. For more information, please contact digitalcommons@hope.edu.

NO. 41.

see page 4

HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

SATURDAY, NOV. 4, 1893.
Holland, - - Mich.

Forest Leaves in Autumn.

Red o'er the forest peers the setting sun;
The line of yellow light dies fast away
That crowned the Eastern cope; and chill and
dun
Falls on the Moor the brief November day.

Now the tired hunter winds a parting note,
And bids his good night from every glade;
Yet wait awhile, and see the calm leaves float
Each to his rest beneath their parent shade.

How like decaying life they seem to glaze!
And yet no second spring have they in store:
But where they fall, forgotten to abide.
Is all their portion, and they ask no more.

Soon o'er their heads the April airs shall sing,
A thousand wild flowers round them shall unfold,
The green buds glisten in the dews of spring,
And all be vernal rapture as of old.

Unconscious, they in waste oblivion lie,
In all the world of busy life around
No thought of them; in all the bounteous sky
No drop, for them, for kindly influence found.
—John Keble.

Assassination of Mayor Harrison of Chicago.

Another crazy crank has done his deadly work, and Carter H. Harrison, five times Mayor of Chicago and one of the best known men of the west, is dead.

The terrible deed was committed in the mayor's own home. Shortly before eight o'clock Saturday evening the door bell rang, and when Mary Hansen, the domestic, opened the door she was confronted by a man about five feet five inches tall, smooth shaven, his rather clean cut features lit up by a pair of dark eyes.

"Is Mr. Harrison in?" asked the man in a quiet, pleasant voice.

"Yes, sir," responded the girl, as she threw the door wider open to permit his entrance.

"I would like to see him, please," said the man as he walked toward the back end of the hall. Mr. Harrison was in the dining-room which opens into the rear end of the hall. Hearing the man ask for him he rose and stepping into the hall walked toward the fellow, who by the time he caught sight of Mr. Harrison had advanced about ten feet from the doorway. Without saying a word he drew his revolver and commenced to fire. He pulled the trigger three times, and every bullet hit the mark. One ball shattered Mr. Harrison's left hand, another passed into the right side of the abdomen, making a wound that would have been mortal in a few days, the third bullet entered the chest, slightly above the heart. This wound was the immediate cause of death. As soon as the murderer began to fire Mr. Harrison turned and walked rapidly toward the dining-room. He walked through the door, across the dining-room and passed into a butler's pantry opening off the room where he fell to the floor.

The murderer replaced the revolver in his pocket and deliberately turned to walk out when Mr. Harrison's private coachman, who had entered a rear door just as the shooting occurred, rushed into the hall and fired two quick shots at him, but missed both times. William Preston Harrison, a son of the mayor, came running down the stairs, neighbors and passers-by hurried into the house to see what the trouble was and the villain escaped in the confusion which reigned for the next few minutes. Mr. Harrison was carried into another room and placed on a couch by neighbors and friends. "I'm shot in the heart and I'm a dead man," said the wounded man. Mr. Harrison sank rapidly and in 20 minutes after receiving the shots he was dead. Miss Anna Howard, of New Orleans, to whom Mayor Harrison was to be married in a few days, was in the house at the time and her grief was most pitiable.

When young Harrison came running down stairs to learn the cause of the shooting he passed a burglar alarm, and a moment later a patrol wagon filled with officers from Lake Street station, about a third of a mile distant, was dashing towards the mayor's home. By the time the officers arrived all trace of the murderer had been lost, and even before the mayor had breathed his last officers from every station in the city were on the lookout for the small smooth-shaven man; 25 years of age.

About half an hour after the shooting Sergeant Frank McDonald was standing in the office of the Desplains Street Station. Every available officer had already been hurried out to work on the case and Sergeant McDonald, was preparing to follow. The door of the station was pushed gently open and in walked a small, smooth-shaven man, poorly dressed, and carrying a revolver in his hand. He shook like a man with the palsy. His face was white and drawn, great drops of perspiration chased each other down his face and his tottering limbs seemed scarcely able to hold him upright. He walked up to Sergeant McDonald, who is a powerful fellow, six feet tall, and looking him straight in the eyes, said: "I did it."

"Did what?" said the officers, as he laid one hand on the fellow's shoulder

and with the other quietly took the revolver.

"I shot Mayor Harrison, and that's what I shot him with," was the reply, as he made a motion with his hand toward the revolver. From that instant he was a prisoner. After considerable questioning the fellow's story was obtained. It was simply that his name was Eugene Patrick Prendergast, a paper carrier, who declared that Mayor Harrison had promised to make him corporation counsel and had not kept his word. This, he said, was his only reason for committing the crime.

The funeral took place Wednesday, and was the largest ever witnessed in the city.

Closed.

The World's fair came to a close with as little formality as was possible, owing to the assassination of Mayor Harrison. A prayer by Rev. Dr. Barrows, and a short address from President Higginbotham constituted all the exercises. The following is his address:

"This is not the time for oratory. A duty calls us together which we must perform though it fills us with sadness. The hour is at hand when our festival must close, and when the material things of which it is composed must turn back to the four quarters of the globe, and the structures which sheltered them to the elements out of which they were created.

I come to the duty of that hour with a heart filled with emotions I cannot express in words. I come with a full measure of gratitude to Almighty God for his great goodness to us; thankful to him that he has permitted me to be an humble instrument in helping to prosecute to a successful issue this magnificent enterprise; thankful for the men that have conceived; thankful for the men who have planned as well as for those who patiently toiled that this blossom of the ages might ripen and shed its luster and disseminate its fragrance; thankful for all the agencies here employed to establish in the world conditions that will harmonize the people of the earth and bring them into closer and more intimate relationship; thankful that He has given us the almost continuous smile of his sunshine and staid the hand of pestilence and storm.

This is not the time for exultation over our victory except insofar as to recognize that without the favor of the God that guided the frail craft of the voyager four hundred years ago to this land it could not have been achieved. Exultation would be undignified. Gratitude to the Almighty is the only feeling that I can harbor in my breast, except the sorrow which this closing hour evokes. We are turning our backs upon the fairest dream of civilization and are about to consign it to the dust. It is like the fleath of a dear friend. It is like bidding farewell to one's youth. It is like all those times in the life of a man when the thoughts of the present are choked with the emotions of the past. At such times the call of duty alone can uplift the heart and arouse it to meet the things that are yet to come. That call is upon each one of us now. It echoes in the hearts of all that have been touched by those wonders which God has brought to pass. It bids us learn the lessons of the past season to the everlasting benefit of ourselves and our children. It bids us appropriate to ourselves the imperishable parts of this high feast of the arts, industries, and sciences, and so embalm them in memory's treasure house, that they may be best preserved and produce the largest fruits in the generations to come.

Let us go forward to meet the duties of the future without fear, sustained by the faith that what we have wrought will endure and forever stand as a beacon light, guiding others to loftier heights and greater achievements."

With the grand total of 21,477,212 paid admissions the world's fair was officially closed. Though these figures represent the paid admissions during the time allotted by congress in which the exposition should be kept open, yet it is calculated that at least 1,000,000 tickets will be purchased before the beautiful White City is dismantled and leveled to the ground. When the receipts were counted Monday night it was found the total was 21,477,212. The total number of admissions on passes were 2,052,188, making a grand total of 23,529,400. The gate receipts during the exposition period proper were a little more than \$10,000,000. Nearly \$4,000,000 has been collected from concessions. The returns from concessions was one of the big surprises of the fair. Nobody was reckless enough to predict that that sum would be realized. The Paris exposition got but \$800,000 from that source, while the Centennial managers got \$1,300,000.

About ninety pictures, or one half of the Holland art collection, have been satisfactorily sold. Fourteen of these will remain in Chicago to augment the galleries of Mr. Arthur Canton, A. N. Eddy, George Birchoff Jr., Henry Schroeder, etc. All of Josef Israel's work was sold, save "Alone in the World," which attracted more at-

tention than any other. It is perhaps too sad for the walls of any home. Mr. Walters of Baltimore, the well-known collector, selected five from this gallery, and Mrs. Thomas Carnegie of Pittsburgh chose three. The St. Louis Museum secured a gem, "The Breakfast," by Nienhuys, the well-known painter of The Hague. The Milwaukee Museum has two examples, Washington will have five. The works unsold will be sent to New York as early as possible, where arrangements have been made to exhibit them.

THE ENGLISH WASP PLAGUE.

An Efficacious Method of Destroying Nests in the Ground.

The wasp plague continues to cause great inconvenience in the neighborhood of Dover, England. A curious incident happened recently in a village near Sandwich. A laborer discovered a wasp's nest, and, struck with the beauty of its formation, took it home and carelessly put it aside, with the object of taking it to a naturalist. The nest proved to be full of eggs, which the warmth of the house developed during the night into hundreds of wasps. When the family awoke on Sunday morning the house was swarming with wasps, and the family had to make their escape as best they could. Some of them were severely stung.

A correspondent of the Newcastle Chronicle writes: It may be of value to sufferers from the present wasp plague to know the following simple and most efficacious method of destroying nests in the ground: Procure from the chemist some cyanide of potassium, dissolve it in water (about four ounces cyanide to a quart of water), and pour a small quantity of the mixture into the mouth of the hole. The result is marvelous. Wasps returning home enter to leave no more. Those already at home remain there permanently. The work should be done quietly about midday, when most of the wasps are out. We have destroyed in the last ten days about eighteen or twenty large nests in this way with perfect success. The cyanide of potassium should, of course, be handled carefully, being a deadly poison.

A PECULIAR OCCUPATION.

The Picturesque Procession of Clam Treaders in Jamaica Bay.

With the tide's going out at Jamaica bay a queer pursuit daily is enacted north of the breakwater opposite Canarsie. Near low tide, as the flats first appear from the receding waters, strange bare-legged human figures begin to pace the narrow mud strip. As the wet, brown expanse widens and lengths they are joined by others, until a dozen or more of men and boys are patrolling the level ooze with downcast eyes, as if in deep meditation or hunting for the traditional needle usually ascribed to the haystack. These men are "treading clams"—that is, feeling for these shell-fish with their feet, which sink to the ankle at every step. The clam of Canarsie does not, like his sand-abiding brother of the soft shell, indicate his presence by a hole, but lies in soft mud near the surface, and can be located only by the sense of touch. The clam treader thus has in his avocation an excitement akin to that of a lottery, in which he sometimes draws worse than a blank when his foot encounters a broken bottle, or a crab, causing his sedate pace to change to capers not unworthy the ballet. Strung out in an irregular line, carrying baskets and buckets, with their straw hats and white or colored shirts a-flapping, these treaders make a picturesque procession, which continues until, with turn of tide, the rising water gradually drives them off the flats.

An Interesting Fish.

The gold fish, which is distributed over nearly all parts of the world, is one of the most interesting members of the finny tribe. It apparently is very susceptible to atmospheric changes, and anyone who takes the trouble to note its actions in the aquarium will be astonished to find that the beautiful little fish is a true prophet in matters relating to changes in the weather. When an area of lower temperature, with rain or snow, is approaching, the gold fish remains near the surface of the water, while if clear, sunshiny weather is expected it will almost always be found near the center of the reservoir.

Same Thing.

An Irishman went to a lawyer with a case, but the attorney wanted a retainer. The Irishman was poor, and finally the lawyer said he would take the case on a contingent fee. It was settled, says an exchange, but the contingent fee part of the agreement bothered the client. He confided his ignorance to his friend, Paddy, and asked for an explanation. "An' it's the meanin' of a contingent fee yer after knowin'?" Sure, I'll tell ye. A contingent fee means that if ye lose the case the lawyer gets nothin'; if ye win ye git nothin'."

Castoria is truly a marvelous thing for children. Doctors prescribe it, medical journals recommend it and more than a million mothers are using it in place of Paregoric, Bateman's Drops, so-called soothing syrups and other narcotic and stupefying remedies. Castoria is the quickest thing to regulate the stomach and bowels and give healthy sleep the world has ever seen. It is pleasant to the taste and absolutely harmless. It relieves constipation, quiets pains, cures diarrhoea and wind colic, allays feverishness, destroys worms, and prevents convulsions, soothes the child and gives it refreshing and natural sleep. Castoria is the children's panacea—the mother's friend.

Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It is not sold in bulk. Don't allow any one to sell you anything else on the plea or promise that it is just as good and will answer every purpose. See that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A. The fac-simile signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher
is on every wrapper.

???

The above are a few of the questions sent us by our readers, who wonder why J. C. Post keeps right on selling houses and lots in Holland city. In spite of the World's fair, dry weather and hard times.

The following persons who have recently bought of him can tell you why: Mrs. Harriet Johnson, of Chicago, who bought a fine lot at Bay View.

Mrs. May E. Stuck, of Colorado, purchaser of a handsome lot in Bay View.

B. G. Scott, who bought a pleasant home on Twelfth street, Bay View. E. Post, the purchaser of the pretty cottage on Thirteenth street, Bay View.

Dr. John Mastenbrook, late of Muskegon, who invested in two fine lots in Waverly and another in Bay View addition.

John Ten Hagen, of Olive, a lot in Bay View addition.

George Van Der Veen, the purchaser of a nice house and lot in Bay View.

E. Groeters of Holland and township who bought two lots, in Bay View.

Gerrit Kroneneyer who invested in, two choice lots in Post's addition.

J. Van Dyk, the buyer of the tasty cottage on Fourteenth street, Bay View addition.

A. B. Bosman, who bought a pleasant house on East Fourteenth street.

And a score of others who have bought houses and lots from J. C. Post during the past month.

They will all say that he sells just what you want, at lower prices than any one else, and upon terms that suit everybody.

More than this, they will tell you that real estate in Holland City is the safest and best investment a man can make, and that, if you are wise, you will at once call on or address, The Holland Real Estate Exchange.

JOHN C. POST, Manager,
Holland, Mich.

A Million Friends.

A friend in need is a friend indeed, and not less than one million people have found just such a friend in Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs, and Cold.

If you have never used this Great Cough Medicine, one trial will convince you that it has wonderful curative powers in all diseases of Throat, Chest and Lungs. Each bottle is guaranteed to do all that is claimed or money will be refunded. Trial bottles free at Heber Walsh's Drug store. Large bottles 50c. and \$1.00. 28 1y.

Itch on human and horses and all animals cured in 30 minutes by Woolford's Sanitary Lotion. This never fails. Sold by Heber Walsh, druggist, Holland, Mich. 12-6m.



YOUR BREAD CAN'T BE SOUR IF YOU USE GILLETT'S MAGIC YEAST

PURE QUICK ECONOMICAL NEVER GETS SOUR.

Ask for "Magic" at your Grocer's. Let him sell his other kinds to other people.

Land Sales.

MICHIGAN STATE LAND OFFICE
LANSING, O. C. 1893.

Notice is hereby given that the following described Adams and Primary School Lands situated in Otsego county, intended for non-payment of interest, will be offered for sale at public auction at this office on the 5th day of November, A. D. 1893 at 10 o'clock A. M., unless previously redeemed or otherwise law.

JOHN G. BERRY, Commissioner.

No. of CENTS.	DESCRIPTION.	SEC.	TOWNSHIP.	RANGE.
210	8 1/2 x 1/2 of the 6 1/2	14	82	15w
2136	3 1/2 x 1/2 of Lot No. 1	15	9a	13w
5776	PRIMARY SCHOOL.			
11870	Lot No. 6, 7 1/2 x 100 acres off a side of 50-100 ft n side of Lot No. 3.	16	9a	13w
11812	North 40 acres of Lot No. 2.	16	5n	16w

Chancery Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN.

Lucy May Brown, Complainant,

vs.

George E. Brown, Defendant.

20th Judicial Circuit in Chancery.

Suit pending in the Circuit Court for the County of Ottawa, in Chancery, at Grand Haven, on the 1st day of November, A. D. 1893.

In this cause it appearing from an affidavit on file that the defendant, George E. Brown, is a resident of this state, but is a resident of Chicago, State of Illinois, on motion of complainant it is ordered that the appearance of said non-resident defendant, George E. Brown, be entered herein within four months from the date of this order, and in case of his appearance he shall answer to the bill of complaint to be filed, and a copy thereof to be served on the complainant's solicitor within twenty days after service on him of a copy of said bill and notice of this order; and in default thereof said bill will be taken as confessed by said non-resident defendant.

And it is further ordered, that within twenty days the complainant cause a notice of this order to be published in the HOLLAND CITY NEWS, a newspaper, printed, published and circulated in said county, and that said publication be continued therein once in each week for six weeks in succession, or that she cause a copy of this order to be personally served on said non-resident defendant at least twenty days before the time above prescribed for his appearance.

JOHN C. POST,

Circuit Court Commissioner,

Ottawa County, Michigan.

GERRIT J. DIKEMA,

Complainant's Solicitor.

ADIRONDA TRADE MARK

Wheeler's Heart Cure AND Nerve

Will Positively Cure

HEART DISEASE.

NERVOUS PROSTRATION.

SLEEPLESSNESS, AND

All Derangements of the Nervous System.

UNEXCELLED FOR INFANTS.

A blessed boon for tired Mothers and Restless Babies.

Purely vegetable, guaranteed free from opiates.

700 full size doses 50 cents.

PREPARED BY

Wheeler & Fuller Medicine Co.,

ORDAR SPRINGS, MICH.

Sold by HEBER WALSH, and MARTIN HUTZINGER,

HOLLAND, MICH.

A. HUNTLEY.

Engineer and Machinist.

Office and Shop on Seventh St., Holland, Mich.

Mill and Engine Repairing

A Specialty.

All Orders Promptly Attended to.

Ready and willing to meet

any party in consultation

relative to boilers,

engines and other

Machinery.

A. Huntley.

Holland, Mich., Feb. 18, '92.

Received

A Full Line of

Fall and Winter

Millinery.

At the Lowest Prices.

MISS DE VRIES & CO.

We thank our customers

for their past patronage and

solicit their good will for the

season.

20 1y

Guardian's Sale.

In the matter of the Estate of Carrie De Feyter, Frederick De Feyter, Marinus De Feyter, and Hendrika De Feyter, Minors.

Notice is hereby given that I shall sell at Public Auction, to the highest bidder on

Monday, the 11th day of December, A. D. 1893,

at 10 o'clock, in the forenoon, at the premises heretofore offered for sale and hereinafter described in the city of Holland, in the county of Ottawa, in the state of Michigan, pursuant to license and authority granted to me on the twelfth day of September, A. D. 1893, by the Probate Court of Ottawa County, Michigan, all of the right, title, interest or estate of said Minors; in or to that certain piece or parcel of land situated and being in the County of Ottawa, State of Michigan, known and described as follows, to-wit:

The undivided one-sixth (1/6) of lot number four (4) of Block number twenty-six (26), in the city of Holland, Ottawa County, State of Michigan.

Dated October 5th, A. D. 1893.

JOHN VAN DIJK, Guardian.

New Life.

DR. E. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT, a specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Fits, Neuralgia, Headache, Nervous Prostration, caused by alcohol or tobacco, Weakness, Mental Depression, Softening of Brain, causing insanity, misery, decay, death, Premature Old Age, Barrenness, Loss of Power in either sex, Impotency, Leucorrhoea and all Female Weaknesses, Involuntary Losses, Spermatorrhoea, caused by over-exertion of brain, self abuse, over indulgence. A month's treatment, \$1.60 for \$5, by mail. We guarantee six boxes to cure. Each order for 6 boxes, with \$5 will send written guarantee to refund if not cured. Guarantee issued only by W. Z. BANGS.

Grandville Ave., Grand Rapids, Mich.

Fall Season.

1893-'94.

Ready For Business.

We call the attention of all

the ladies in Holland and vicinity to our new stock of

Winter Millinery

and Fancy Goods. Also a

nice line of

Ladies and Children's Hosiery

Fascinators, Fancy Yarns

etc. Call and see us before

purchasing elsewhere.

Mrs. J. B. GROSE,

Eighth St., two doors west of City Hotel.

HOLLAND, MICH.

17-1y.

NEWSPAPER LAWS.

If subscribers order the discontinuance of newspapers, the publishers may continue to send them until all arrears are paid.

If subscribers refuse or neglect to take their newspapers from the office to which they are sent, they are held responsible until they have settled their bills and ordered them discontinued.

If subscribers move to other places without informing the publishers, and the newspapers are sent to the former place of residence, they are then responsible.

CONCERNING DELINQUENT SUBSCRIBERS.

The latest postal laws are such that newspaper publishers can have arrested any one for fraud who takes a paper and refuses to pay for it. Under this law the man who allows his subscription to run along for some time unpaid and then orders it discontinued, or orders the postmaster to mark it "refused" and to send a postal notifying the publisher, lays himself liable to arrest and fine.

Novelty Wood Works Lumber Yard.

This is the place to buy your

Lumber,

Lath,

Shingles,

Sash,

Doors,

Mouldings,

Sheathing Paper

and

Builders Material.

Forgetting all about hard

times we are selling every

day and kept busy.

Side Walk Lumber

Just received a carload which

will be sold at a very

low figure.

Call on us and be convinced.

Yours to serve,

J. R. KLEYN.

G. Rankens,

DEALER IN

Organs,

Pipe Organs

and Pianos.

Goopersville, Mich.

G. M. POND,

UPHOLSTERING AND FURNITURE REPAIRING.

NEW WORK MADE TO ORDER.

Eighth Street, 3 doors east of Prins & Hartigh's store.

HOLLAND, MICH.

WHEN

You want a WATCH that

will

Keep Correct

Time,

Just step into the Jewelry Store of

O. Breyman & Son,

and you will get the value of your

money.

Get your Repairing done here!

They keep everything that

is found in a first-class Jewel-

A SURGEON'S KNIFE
gives you a feeling of horror and dread. There is no longer necessity for its use in many diseases formerly regarded as incurable without cutting.

The Triumph of Conservative Surgery
is well illustrated by the fact that **RUPTURE** or **BREAST** is now radically cured without the knife and without pain. Clumsy, chafing trusses can be thrown away! They never cure but often induce inflammation, strangulation and death.

TUMORS Ovarian, Fibroid (Uterine) and many others, are now removed without the perils of cutting operations.

PILE TUMORS, however large, other diseases of the lower bowel, are permanently cured without pain or resort to the knife.

STONE in the bladder, no matter how large, is crushed, pulverized, washed out and perfectly removed without cutting.

STRICTURE of Urinary Passage is also removed without cutting in hundreds of cases. For pamphlet, references and all particulars, send 10 cents (in stamps) to **World's Dispensary Medical Association**, 653 Main St., Buffalo, N. Y.

KICKAPOO INDIAN SAGWA

The greatest Liver, Stomach, Blood and Kidney Remedy. Made of Roots, Barks and Herbs, and is Absolutely Free From All Mineral and Other Harmful Ingredients.

Druggists, 61 Laing St., New York City, for bottles, 50c each. Kickapoos Indian Medicine Co., 61 Laing St., New York City.



KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and \$1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

ALL RUN DOWN.

Tired, Sleepless, Discouraged. Swamp-Root Cured Me.

Amsterdam, N. Y., June 9, 1898.

Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y.

Gentlemen: I ought to have written you long ago of the great good your Swamp-Root has done for me. For a long time I had been troubled with a **Disordered Stomach, Inactive Liver, Pain in the Back** and across the kidneys and was generally run down, had no ambition to do anything; in fact, my life was a burden; could not sleep nights, was completely discouraged and gave up of ever being any better. I took SWAMP-ROOT and am now able to do most of the work as usual and feel like a different person. Dr. Kilmer's

Swamp-Root Cured Me.

It has helped me more than any other medicine I have ever used and I beg of you to accept my sincere thanks for the wonderful benefit I have derived. Mrs. H. Mabee Suite.

At Druggists, 50 cent and \$1.00 size. "Invalids Guide to Health" free—Consultation free. Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y.

Dr. Kilmer's U & O Anointment Cures Piles. Trial Box Free. —All Druggists 50 cents.

TOWER'S FISH BRAND SLICKER

The Best Waterproof Coat in the World!

The FISH BRAND SLICKER is warranted waterproof, and will keep you dry in the heaviest rain. The new FISH BRAND SLICKER is a perfect fitting coat, and covers the entire body. Beware of imitations. Don't buy a coat if the fish brand is not on the sleeve. Catalogue free. A. J. TOWER, Boston, Mass.

Ely's Cream Balm

QUICKLY CURES COLD IN HEAD

Price 50 Cents.

Apply Balm into each nostril. SLX BROS., 16 Warren St., N.Y.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION

Consumptives and people who have weak lungs or Asthma, should use PISO'S Cure for Consumption. It has cured thousands. It has not injured one. It is the best cough syrup sold anywhere. Price 50c.

ANTI-SILVER WINS.

VOORHEES' BILL FINALLY PASSES THE SENATE.

Long and Desperate Contest Concluded as Mr. Cleveland Defeated—Twenty-three Republicans and Twenty Democratic Senators Voted for the Measure.

End of the Fight.

Unconditional repeal has carried the day in the United States Senate. At 7:20 o'clock Monday night the Voorhees bill was passed by the decisive vote of 43 to 37. It was the same repeal majority of 11, indicated when the voting began three days before. It remains now only to see how minor differences of phraseology between the Senate and the House, and, this being done, President Cleveland's signature will make the repeal bill a law. The last scene in the Senate was devoid of excitement. There was a lack of that high tension which had existed up to that time. Senators knew perfectly well what was coming, and they awaited the recording of the final vote as a matter of formality. The real victory had been won when the silver men surrendered last week, and this last act was merely the formal expression of that surrender. At 7 o'clock the Senate galleries were so crowded, although it was long past the usual time of adjournment, that Senators had been made to take a recess, but Senator Voorhees, weary with delays, insisted that the Senators should keep their seats until the final vote was taken. The silver men kept up their speeches until the last. Senator Stewart had the last word. When he took his seat Vice President Stevenson directed the clerk to put the bill on its final passage. It was read for the last time, and then the roll-call began. Not a Senator on the floor took the trouble to keep tally on the call. They answered mechanically to their names. There were no surprises as the roll proceeded. Men answered just as they had voted on the early amendments. The Southern silver Senators held together to the last.

The Vote in Detail.

The detail of the vote follows, the Democrats being printed in small capitals, Republicans in italics, and Populists in Roman:

FOR THE REPEAL.

Aldrich, D. C.	Lodge, Mass.
BRUCE, O. Milan, Mich.	McPHERSON, N. J.
CADWELL, W. Va.	Manderson, Neb.
Carpenter, W. Va.	MILLS, Tex.
Colton, Ill.	MITCHELL, Wis.
Cox, Minn.	Morris, N. Y.
Dixon, R. I.	MURPHY, N. Y.
Dolph, Ore.	Platt, Conn.
FAULKNER, W. Va.	Proctor, Va.
Fry, Me.	Quay, Pa.
Gallinger, N. H.	RANSOM, N. C.
GIBSON, Md.	SHAW, N. J.
GORMAN, Md.	SMITH, N. J.
GRAY, Del.	Snyder, Wash.
Hale, Me.	Stockbridge, Mich.
Hatch, Conn.	TUCKER, Ind.
Higginson, Del.	VILAS, Wis.
HILL, N. Y.	VOORHEES, Ind.
HUNTON, Va.	Washington, Minn.
LINDSAY, Ky.	White, La.

AGAINST THE REPEAL.

Allen, Neb.	Kyle, S. D.
BATE, Tenn.	MARTIN, Kan.
BERRY, Ark.	McFARLANE, Kan.
BLACKBURN, Ky.	Peffer, Cal.
BUTLER, S. C.	Pettigrew, S. D.
CALL, Fla.	Power, Mont.
Cameron, Pa.	PUGH, Ala.
COCKRILL, Mo.	Reynolds, N. D.
COLE, Tex.	Shoup, Idaho.
DANIEL, Va.	Stewart, Nev.
Dubois, Idaho.	Teller, Col.
GEORGE, Miss.	VANCE, N. C.
HARRIS, Tenn.	Vest, Mo.
JONES, Ark.	WALTHALL, Miss.
Jones, Nev.	Woolcott, Cal.

The following pairs were announced, those in favor of repeal being given first:

Alison, Iowa, and Mitchell, Oregon.
Chandler, New Hampshire, and White, California.
Wilson, Iowa, and Colquitt, Georgia.
Gordon, Georgia, and Morgan, Alabama.
Palmer, Illinois, and Hunsrough, North Dakota.

The analysis of the votes and pairs shows:

Democrats	For	Against
Republicans	32	13
Populists	36	4
Totals	45	37

From this it is apparent that both parties were badly divided. The Democratic Senators were almost equally divided on the final vote, although the administration has the satisfaction of knowing that it had a majority of one in the vote of its own party.

It was in Boston.

"Mad dog! Mad dog!" yelled a small boy. No cry can collect a crowd quicker. In a moment an excited throng were gazing from a safe distance at a poor, miserable little pup, howling and struggling on a doorstep. "Kill him! Shoot him! Don't let him bite you!" shouted half a dozen at once. Just as the excitement was at its height, a typical Boston girl walked deliberately through the crowd and approached the dog. She raised her eye-glass and surveyed him calmly. Then she spoke: "I judge from the attitude of the animal and from the anguish of his cries that the dog is closed upon his tail. Open the door immediately." She was obeyed. The dog trotted away with a tail decidedly the worse for wear. The crowd dispersed, and another mad dog scare had been nipped in the bud.—Shooting and Fishing.

Military Ballooning.

Some experiments in military ballooning have just been made in France. Five balloons were released from the Esplanade des Invalides in Paris, the aeronauts in charge having been previously instructed to pass over a radius of twenty miles of country supposed to be held by an enemy, and then to descend as closely as possible to Combs la Ville. One of the balloons descended within a mile of the desired place, and two others at a point somewhat more distant from it.

Exposure to Sunshine.

Proposes of the effect of exposure to sunshine destroying microbes, Mrs. Percy Frankland, in Longmans', notes the interesting fact that exact experiments conducted in the Lake of Geneva to ascertain by means of photographic plates the depths to which the sun's rays penetrate, showed that they did not reach beyond 553 feet, at which depth the intensity of the light is equal to that which is ordinarily observed on a clear but moonless night.

INDIANS AT A PHONOGRAPH.

Flatheads Delightfully Listen to a Reproduction of Their War Song.

Wind-in-the-Face, chief of a band of Flathead Indians, camped near Missoula, Mont., wandered into a store recently and in his inspection of the stock came across a phonograph, which stands in one corner of the room. He examined the machine very curiously and by signs and grunts inquired its use. After considerable persuasion he was induced by an Anaconda Standard man to sing into the receiver the war chant of his tribe. He began with a low, monotonous "Hi-ya-he-ya, ho," but warmed to his work as he proceeded and got in some fancy movements as he neared the end, which threatened to dislocate the machine. After he had concluded the attachments were changed and connections were made so that Wind-in-the-Face and his attendant bravest could hear the reproduction of the song. Gravely and somewhat suspiciously they inserted the tubes in their ears and waited the result. As the sounds of the chant that for ages had incited their forefathers to battle reached their ears they were at first thoroughly alarmed and muttered something about "bad medicine," but as the emphatic tones of their chief coming from the little wax cylinder rang out the tootin, they became enthused and kept time to the alleged music with feet and bodies until it seemed as if a war dance was to be executed then and there. But they didn't leave the machine until the chant was ended, and then they almost hugged each other in their delight and even attempted to embrace Mr. Hartley, the storekeeper. They wanted more, and a cylinder was inserted that gave them "Drill, Ye Terriers." This pleased them immensely, and they laughed as heartily as an Indian ever laughs, though they did not understand a word of the song. They now regard Mr. Hartley as a great medicine man and want to adopt him into their tribe.

Sorrow in the Near Future

Awaits those who disregard symptoms of liver disorder. Be on time if you feel distress in the region of the liver, if your visage is sallow, eyeballs yellowish, tongue coated, or if you are troubled with constipation, sick headache and occasional dizziness. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters will banish these unpleasant symptoms, and should be used early and persistently. The bowels are relaxed without pain or griping, and are not weakened by it as they are by the action of a violent purgative. Digestion grows more active when it is used and the system invigorated, because it inures assimilation of the food constituents by the blood. Kidney complaints, malaria and rheumatism are overcome by this searching and thorough remedy.

Viscount Sherbrooke's Humor.

Robert Lowe became the recognized mouthpiece of sardonic humor, and thereby obtained more than his share of questionable notoriety. Many of his impudent stories are obviously adaptations.

A former friend who met him in London is said to have accosted him with the remark: "Don't you remember me? I used to know you in Australia," and to have met with the rebuff, "Yes, and when I meet you again in Australia I shall be happy to know you." But this is a mere echo of George Selwyn's remark under like circumstances: "I shall be pleased to renew our acquaintance when we meet again in bath."—Quarterly Review.

"Sweet Charity."

In the Artists' Exhibition of 1893 at the New York Academy of Design, there was exhibited an oil-painting by J. L. G. Ferris, entitled "Sweet Charity." Its richness of coloring commanded instant attention, while the lesson it taught was so impressive that one naturally returned to it for a second view.

Its subject is a young lady of colonial times who is on an errand of charity to one of the poorer families of the town. She has a sensible, charming face, which expresses with remarkable fidelity the sentiment of her errand. There is not a home that this charming picture is not ornament. It must be seen to be appreciated.

"Sweet Charity" was purchased by the Publishers of the Youth's Companion and has been reproduced in colors in large size, 14 1/2 by 21.

It will be sent to all new subscribers to the Companion who send \$1.75 for a year's subscription, and the paper will also be sent free from the time the subscription is received, to January, 1894, and for a full year from that date, to January, 1895. This offer includes the Double Souvenir Numbers published at Thanksgiving, Christmas and New Year's. Address THE YOUTH'S COMPANION, Boston, Mass.

New York City's Wealth.

The wealth of New York City, as a corporation, amounts to the enormous sum of \$559,000,000. It is thus distributed: Central Park, \$200,000,000; fifty other parks, \$50,000,000; Croton aqueduct, \$200,000,000; public markets, \$20,000,000; city lots not in public use, \$8,000,000; docks and piers, \$30,000,000; police stations and land, \$5,000,000; schools, \$15,000,000; fire department, \$5,000,000; courts, prisons, and islands, \$20,000,000; water lots, \$3,000,000; armories, \$3,000,000.

Since 1871 the city's property has more than doubled in valuation, being then \$277,000,000.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last fifteen years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

WARR & THURAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. WALKER, KESLER & MARTIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 50c per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

Where Fish Are Plentiful.

Ten thousand haddock or humpback salmon were lost from a big scow as they were being towed into the harbor recently from Mukilteo. The steamer Iola had been down to the nets, and had 10,000 fish on her deck besides 13,000 on a big scow in tow. When she got in the harbor the steamer A. R. Robbinson passed her and kicked up some pretty big swells. These bumping against the sides of the scow, knocked in one side, and it collapsed, allowing 10,000 of the fish to slide into the bay. Being dead weight, every fish sank to the bottom.—Seattle Telegraph.

Schools in Italy.

Italy in 1887 had 70,507 schools, 80,400 teachers, and 3,071,000 attendance.

OVER the door of a library in Thebes is the inscription "Medicine for the Soul."

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

SHOULD be used wherever yeast has served heretofore. Yeast acts by fermentation and the destruction of part of the gluten of the flour to produce the leavening gas. Royal Baking Powder, through the action of its ingredients upon each other in the loaf while baking, itself produces the necessary gas and leaves the wholesome properties of the flour unimpaired.

It is not possible with any other leavening agent to make such wholesome and delicious bread, biscuit, rolls, cake, pastry, griddle-cakes, doughnuts, etc.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 WALL ST., NEW-YORK.

Duck's Sense of Direction.

James Payne, in the Illustrated London News: The duck has been supposed to be the dumbest of all birds, so much so as to reply in the affirmative to the invitation: "Dilly, dilly, come and be killed." A correspondent in New Zealand supplies me, however, with an anecdote to the contrary: "I live on the shore of the harbor, and I have a friend who dwells on the opposite shore eleven miles from me in a straight line. He lives up a narrow creek, and in coming to my place he has to pass a number of other creeks on either side, then several islands and finally to cross a stretch of open water about four miles across, where a swift tide runs and where there is often a heavy sea. A few weeks ago this friend came to see me and brought with him as a present a common drake which had been bred on his place and had never been a hundred yards from the house. It came over in the bottom of the boat, where it could see nothing but the sky, with its legs tied. When he gave it to me I turned it adrift with my own ducks; and thought no more about it, and, in fact, I never saw it again. When I saw my friend, however, some time after, he told me that on the morning after his visit to me he was awakened by a great commotion and quacking in his duck-yard, and on going out to see what was the matter he saw the drake which he had brought over to me waddling up to the inclosure in rather a travel-worn condition, while his brethren were welcoming him as one restored to them from the dead."

Excelsior of American Horses.

Probably more and better horses are owned in America per thousand of population than in any other country, and the farmer or corner groceryman, at least in the North and West, can and does afford to keep as good a roadster as the city nabob—often a better one. While the average horse lacks the distinctive characteristics of race, he has exceptionally good qualities. American horses are, as a rule, sure-footed. There are more broken-kneed nags in cabs and livery stables in England fourfold than here. Smooth roads and level meadows uniformly breed horses less careful how they tread than rough roads and stony pastures. The Eastern granite soil produces safer steppers than the clay of the South.—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Milk as a Beverage.

A medical journal asserts that people who drink cows' milk are more prone to consumption than those who use the milk of the reindeer, the buffalo, the ass, or the goat.

Do You Read

The testimonials published in behalf of Hood's Sarsaparilla? They are reliable and as worthy of confidence as if they came from your most trusted neighbor

Three Bottles

of Hood's Sarsaparilla completely cured me of scrofulous eruptions on my left arm and leg. Physicians had treated me without success and I had spent much money trying to get relief. Anyone suffering from skin trouble will surely find a cure in Hood's Sarsaparilla. N. J. McCORMICK, Kingsley, Iowa. Get only Hood's.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Hood's Pills are purely vegetable. 25c.

The Greatest Medical Discovery of the Age.

KENNEDY'S MEDICAL DISCOVERY.

DONALD KENNEDY, OF ROXBURY, MASS., Has discovered in one of our common pasture weeds a remedy that cures every kind of Humor, from the worst Scrofula down to a common Pimple.

He has tried it in over eleven hundred cases, and never failed except in two cases (both thunder humor). He has now in his possession over two hundred certificates of its value, all within twenty miles of Boston.

A benefit is always experienced from the first bottle, and a perfect cure is warranted when the right quantity is taken.

When the lungs are affected it causes shooting pains, like needles passing through them; the same with the Liver or Bowels. This is caused by the ducts being stopped, and always disappears in a week after taking it.

If the stomach is foul or bilious it will cause squamous feelings at first.

No change of diet ever necessary. Eat the best you can get, and enough of it. Dose, one tablespoonful in water at bedtime. Read the Label. Send for Book.

COLCHESTER SPADING BOOTS

ARE THE BEST

BEST IN FIT, BEST IN WEARING QUALITY.

The outer or tap sole extends the whole length down to the heel, protecting the boot in the dirt and in other hard work.

ASK YOUR DEALER FOR THEM, and don't be put off with inferior goods.

COLCHESTER RUBBER CO.

"August Flower"

"What is August Flower for?" As easily answered as asked. It is for Dyspepsia. It is a special remedy for the Stomach and Liver. Nothing more than this. We believe August Flower cures Dyspepsia. We know it will. We have reasons for knowing it. To-day it has an honored place in every town and country store, possesses one of the largest manufacturing plants in the country, and sells everywhere. The reason is simple. It does one thing, and does it right. It cures dyspepsia!

PICTURES, Picture Frames, Mirrors, Photographs, Photo Engravings, Card and Cabinet Frames, and Beautiful Artistic Wares. Catalogue of Pictures upon receipt of stamp. **BARLES' GALLERIES**, 816 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.

MENTION THIS PAPER WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS.

Old Time Methods of treating Colds and Coughs

were based on the idea of suppression. We now know that "feeding a cold" is good doctrine.

Scott's Emulsion

of cod-liver oil with hypophosphites, a rich fat-food, cures the most stubborn cough when ordinary medicines have failed. Pleasant to take; easy to digest.

Prepared by Scott & Bowne, N. Y. All druggists.

ST. JACOBS OIL

MAKES A Perfect Cure of BURNS, BRUISES, SCALDS, CUTS AND WOUNDS.

CURES RISING BREAST

"MOTHER'S FRIEND" is the greatest blessing ever offered child-bearing women. I have been a mid-wife for many years, and in each case where "Mother's Friend" had been used it has accomplished wonders and relieved much suffering. It is the best remedy for rising of the breast known, and worth the price for that alone.

Mrs. M. M. BROWNE, Montgomery, Ala.

Sent by express, charges prepaid, on receipt of price, \$1.20 per bottle.

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Sold by all druggists. ATLANTA, GA.

Unlike the Dutch Process

No Alkalies—Other Chemicals are used in the preparation of

W. BAKER & CO.'S Breakfast Cocoa

which is absolutely pure and soluble.

It has more than three times the strength of Cocoa mixed with starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is far more economical, costing less than one cent a cup. It is delicious, nourishing, and EARLY DISCOVERED.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

COLCHESTER SPADING BOOTS

ARE THE BEST

BEST IN FIT, BEST IN WEARING QUALITY.

The outer or tap sole extends the whole length down to the heel, protecting the boot in the dirt and in other hard work.

ASK YOUR DEALER FOR THEM, and don't be put off with inferior goods.

COLCHESTER RUBBER CO.

"LINENE" COLLARS AND CUFFS.

THE "LINENE" are the Best and Most Economical Collars and Cuffs Worn.

They are the only goods made that a well-dressed gentleman can use in place of linen. Try them. You will like them; they look well, wear well and fit well. Reversible; both sides alike; can be worn twice as long as any other collar. When one side is soiled use the other, then throw it away and take a fresh one.

Ask the Dealers for them. Sold for 25 cents for a Box of 10 Collars, or Five Pairs of Cuffs. A Sample Collar and a Pair of Cuffs sent by mail, six cents. Address: **Griffin Stone and Style Wearer**, REVERSIBLE COLLAR CO., 27 Kilby Street, Boston, Mass.



HOPEWELL CLARKE

Land Commissioner, St. Paul, Minn.

BENNER'S Red and Black Pills

SIX CURE FOR Malaria, Ague, Chills and Fever. Prepared by BENNER HYGIENIC MANUFACTURING CO., P. O. Box 2122, Boston, Mass.

A Pack of Playing Cards furnished by the Burlington Route (C. & N. W. R.), which is the Best to all points North, West and Southwest. Send 10 cents in postage for a full deck to P. S. BENTLEY, General Passenger Agent, Chicago, Ill.

PENSION

JOHN W. MOORE, Successor to Washington, D. C. Sincerely Prosecutes Claims. Late Principal Examiner U. S. Pension Office. Sits in last year, is adjudicating claims, city stock. MENTION THIS PAPER WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS.

DEAFNESS AND HEAD NOISES CURED

Properly treated for Colds, Croup, Whooping Cough, etc. when all remedies fail. Sold by P. H. HANCOCK, and J. P. H. H. Write for book of proofs FREE. MENTION THIS PAPER WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS.

KIDNEY'S PASTILLES

Price 15c. Sold by all Druggists.

WANTED MEN TO TRAVEL. We pay \$500 a month to men to visit a month a month. STONE & WELLINGTON, MADISON, WIS. C. N. U. No. 44-98.

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS please say you saw the advertisement in this paper.

HOLLAND CITY NEWS

G. VAN SCHILVEN, Editor.

SATURDAY, NOV. 4, 1893.

Death of Prof. Charles Scott, D. D.

Hope College mourns the death of one who for a series of years was its respected President; the Faculty deplore the absence of a genial co-laborer; and the students miss in their faithful teacher a devoted and kind hearted friend. Prof. Scott is no more; his familiar face will no longer be met upon our streets.

Notwithstanding the dread reality forced upon the members of his family by the irresistible encroachments of a complication of ailments, there was after all a suddenness about his demise for which the community at large was not prepared. The last two days signaled life's approaching dissolution in unmistakable terms. He had been out for an occasional drive until about two weeks ago, up to which time his heart and mind appeared bent upon recovery and this upheld him physically.

At the close of the college year last summer Prof. Scott sought the repose and seclusion of his cottage at Macatawa Park. Here he found relief, but only temporary. He returned to his home too weak to resume the labors of the lecture room, although fondly clinging to the hope of an ultimate recovery, which hope he entertained until about two weeks ago. He died on Tuesday, Oct. 31, at 5:30 a. m., aged 70 years. Worn out in body, he had not been so long enough to be a burden to himself.

Barring those, the soothing of whose sorrows is not given to mortal, but viewing his departure in the light of an honorable and useful career, we say Prof. Scott died at the right time. Life's task had been accomplished and the pleasant recollections thereof to his family, his friends and the wider circle in which he labored, will not be clouded by the agonies of a lingering dissolution.

Prof. Charles Scott came to Holland from the east in the fall of 1866, one year after the Holland Academy, having ceased to be known as such, had assumed the position and functions of an incorporated college. He was given the chair of chemistry and natural history, and from that time until the hour of his death his relations with the institution were unbroken.

He was of Scotch descent, his ancestors having settled in this country in 1725, and located in Orange county, N. Y., where he was born Dec. 18, 1822. Having received the advantages of a common school education he entered Rutgers College, New Brunswick, N. J., and graduated from there in 1844, with the highest honors in a class of twenty-five. While at college he declined a cadetship at West Point. The same year he went south and for two years he was engaged as private tutor in an academy at Adam's Run, South Carolina, and for another year in a like institution at Aiken, in the same state. In 1848 he returned east and entered upon his theological studies at the Seminary in New Brunswick, N. J., graduated in 1851, and was installed as pastor of the Reformed church of Shawangunk, Ulster county, N. Y., Sept. 9, 1851. This was his first and only pastorate. He remained there until his appointment in 1866 as professor in Hope College. In 1875 the University of New York conferred upon him the title of D. D.

Hope College, like all new and weak eleemosynary institutions, has had its ups and downs, financially and otherwise. The first quarter-century of its existence was in many respects a struggle for existence, and at times desperately so. At a period of its darkest gloom, financially, Professor Scott was called to its head, and assumed the responsible position of president. The assets of the institution were low, its scanty investments in part non-productive, and its indebtedness alarming. In 1878 he was first appointed vice president, in 1880 provisional president, and in 1885 president. During his administration, and largely through his individual efforts, the institution was relieved of its financial embarrassments and placed upon a new and safer basis. It is in this connection especially that the name and work of Prof. Scott will remain conspicuous in the history of Hope College.

In 1892 he resigned the presidency, owing to ill-health, but at the request of the council he continued to act as such until his successor was elected. He also retained his chair of geology and mineralogy, the studies he enjoyed most.

As a resident of this city for more than twenty-five years the death of Prof. Scott will leave a vacancy in many a circle. He was a man of firm convictions and who formed strong attachments, not readily to be replaced. It was by reason of this latter perhaps that his earlier connections east and south prevented his being classified as a western man. It was this also which will make the younger alumni of Hope College feel that in the death of Prof. Scott they lose a personal friend.

These same characteristics were also manifested in other relations of life — those of family, church, and political party.

Though not always in full accord with those progressive tendencies so essential to the development of a young western town, he did his share as a citizen of Holland, and was especially energetic during the years that our railroads were secured and built.

In politics Prof. Scott was a Democrat of the school of strict construction, except in so far as this interfered with his pronounced views on temperance and prohibition. He was invariably impelled by an intense Americanism, and a glowing love of country. The war for independence and the late civil war were topics on which the Doctor delighted to speak.

The funeral took place on Thursday afternoon. After a brief service at the home, on Ninth street, the remains were escorted to Hope church by the students, faculty and council of Hope college and the Western Theol. Seminary, the clergy of the city and neighboring places, mayor and common council and board of education, members of the press and near friends. In the church the services were conducted by Prof. J. W. Beardslee. The scripture lesson was read by Rev. E. Winter, D. D., of Grand Rapids; prayer by Rev. E. A. Collier of Kinderhook, N. Y., and short addresses by Rev. N. Williamson of South Bend, Ind., Rev. H. G. Birchby, the pastor, Rev. D. Broek of Grandville, and Prof. J. W. Beardslee. "Nearer my God to thee," and "Lead, kindly, light," were impressively rendered by the choir. The floral offerings, especially those contributed by the students, were appropriate and beautiful.

At the close of the services the remains were conveyed to the depot, and with the 4:25 train conveyed east, to Shawangunk, N. Y., where the interment will take place on Sunday and the remains be laid at rest in the family plot.

The deceased is mourned by his widow, Maria R. Stelle, whom he married in 1850, and by four sons and one daughter: Henry P., at present at home; Charles, of St. Paul, Minn.; Alexander, of Fort Collins, Col.; Edward, residing north of the city; and Mrs. Rev. D. Van Pelt, of Brooklyn, N. Y. These constituted the funeral party that went from here east with the remains, with the exception of Alex., who joined them at Jackson, Mich., and Rev. and Mrs. D. Van Pelt, who will await their arrival at Kingston, N. Y.

At a joint meeting of the faculties of Hope College and the Western Theol. Seminary held Tuesday afternoon, the following was adopted:

Whereas, it has pleased our God and Heavenly Father to take to himself our dearly beloved brother, the Rev. Dr. Charles Scott, who for so many years and under most hardships and trials, has served his Master as a good and faithful steward, as Professor in Hope College, as Lecturer in the Western Theological Seminary, and, last, as President of the College, therefore—

Resolved, that we submit ourselves to the inscrutable ways of God's providence, acknowledging that He whose creatures and children we are, do all things well; and although his dispensations are sometimes far from being agreeable, yet they are always good.

Resolved, that we feel grateful to the Lord, that by His grace, has enabled his servant during a long career, to do good service to the Master in His cause in general, and especially in our midst as a Christian educator of no mean capabilities, whilst and trust that the Lord who rewards His servants, has now called upon him to enter into his rest.

Resolved, that we tender our heartfelt sympathy to the mourning widow and the bereaved children, commending them to the mercies of our sympathizing High Priest, Jesus Christ, and our loving Father in heaven.

Resolved, that a copy of these resolutions be sent to the bereaved family and to the press, and that a copy be placed on the minutes of the College.

G. J. KOLLEN, Pres.

N. M. STEFFENS, D. D.

JAN. G. SUTHERN, Committee.

The students of the college met in the chapel on Wednesday and gave expression to the following resolutions:

Whereas, a kind Providence in this inscrutable wisdom has seen fit to take from our midst our former President and beloved Professor, the Rev. Charles Scott, D. D., a genial friend, a competent teacher, and a Christian man, to whom we all looked with reverence and respect for counsel, therefore—

Resolved, That we, the students of Hope College, cherishing his memory, express our feeling of deep regret at the loss of our esteemed Professor, who so kindly and earnestly interested himself in our welfare, both during his administration as President and during his services as Professor, teaching us by precept and example to aim at and embrace the cause of all that is noble, pure and good, which he himself so unflinchingly advocated.

Resolved, That we deeply sympathize with the family of the deceased in their hour of trial and grief.

Resolved, That these resolutions be published in the Christian Intelligencer, the De Hope, the Anchor, the Holland City News, and the Ottawa County Times, and that a copy of the same be sent to the bereaved family.

KLAAS J. DIKEMA, S. VANDEBURG, EDW. D. DIMINNEY, Committee.

Muskegon News: The fiend who drops bottles containing harrowing stories of sinking vessels in the lake is at his work again, a bottle having been found between Grand Haven and Muskegon. This a kind of sport that has been repeated so often, that it will be like the wolf story when the warning cry finally failed to warn.

Small Farmers.—Berries and Produce.—Steamboat.

We give here a translation of a letter from Mr. R. E. Werkman of Benton Harbor, that appeared in the *Grandeur*, of this city:

"The farmers in the vicinity of Benton Harbor have had a fair season. The various fruit crops have yielded a good harvest and the prices have been moderately high.

The raising of peaches here is on the increase, although for the past twenty years it has not amounted to much. We have had days that 35,000 baskets were shipped from here and St. Joe to Chicago, besides a large quantity to Milwaukee and other markets. Grapes also are raised extensively, but the low prices this year hardly paid for the cutting and shipping.

Tomatoes are grown in large quantities and there being two canning factories here the prices remain always good, \$8.00 per ton, or 24 cts. per bushel. The average yield is 18 ton per acre, and this at \$8 makes \$144. This is full as well as raising wheat, is it not?

I had occasion the other day, with Mr. Edrick, proprietor of one of the canning factories, to visit his place, and found it very interesting to spend an hour there and watch the process of canning. This factory can handle daily 55 ton of tomatoes and furnishes employment to 150 persons, mostly women and children. The piling of the tomatoes is paid for it at the rate of 2 1/2 cts. for a 5-gallon pail. Some women that are experts make as high as \$1.50 a day. One bushel will fill 14 cans; these are sold and delivered in Chicago at \$1.00 a doz; the freight from here is 7 cts. a hundred. The business appears to be a paying one, and I don't see why it wouldn't be a good enterprise in Holland. The factory cost Mr. Edrick \$12,000. In the spring he makes it a point to have a good supply of tomato plants on hand, which he sells for \$1.50 per 1,000.

It is astonishing also to note the large shipments from here, by boat, of musk melons, sometimes making up the entire cargo. This is a very profitable crop to the farmers, and as a rule it finds a good market. The price averages from 50 cts. to \$1.50 a basket or \$1.00 for 12 musk melons. And then consider the large number they raise to the acre. I was told how many, but dare not repeat it. This I will state however, that Mr. Morrell, one of the leading melon raisers here, when he began a few years ago, did not have a cent to his name, and now he is one of the wealthiest farmers in this vicinity.

If the farmers around Holland would apply themselves more to the raising of these and similar crops, it would be better for them and their children. A farmer here of 10 or 15 acres makes more money than one with 80 acres, who raises only hay and cereals. Besides, there is this advantage to him in raising this kind of produce, that he can keep his children at home and secure them each a place of 10 or 15 acres, instead of sending them out to work in the cities, where the prospects, at present, are not very encouraging. Consider for a moment the benefit to the city of Holland, if for a circuit of say five miles it was surrounded by farms of 15 acres with a family on each one of them. It would be of greater advantage than many a factory.

For three months in succession here each day had the appearance of being a special market day, that great was the rush of the farmers hauling their produce to the steamers. And by the way, this is a very significant item of revenue to the boat line.

Benton Harbor is a city now of 8,000 inhabitants. Its factories are not many; its backbone are the farmers.

I will add that our canning factories also put up all sorts of berries, sweet corn, etc., so that they are kept running from early in the summer until late in the fall."

The strong points in the above, to this community, manifest themselves. The problem involved is, how to get this industry introduced, and get persons sufficiently interested to undertake the experiment. Once begun, there is no doubt about its being initiated. The opportunity abounds, both as to agricultural inducement and facilities for transportation, and the two work hand in hand. The fostering of an inexhaustible and ever expanding industry like the above is not a matter of *bona*, but of *agitation*, and worthy of the earnest consideration of our Improvement Association. A fine winter job.



Many of the crab species of shell-fish "clothe" themselves elaborately by gathering bits of seaweed, chewing the ends and sticking them on the shell, so as to look like a stone covered with weed. They spend hours with the utmost perseverance in making these pieces adhere by trying the same piece over and over again till they succeed. They have a fine sense of symmetry, and always put a red piece on one limb to match the red piece they have put on the other, and a green piece to match a green piece, though how they know red from green in the dark pools where they live is hard to say, unless it is by taste or smell. When once their dress is completed it improves the older it becomes, as the weed actually grows on them.

Mrs. Chas. Root, Cedar Springs, was told by physicians that they could do nothing for her. She tried Weeler's Heart and Nerve Cure, and after taking two bottles she was able to do her own work and ride to town to do her shopping.



Now is the winter of thy discontent made comfortable by wearing

Prof. Wingren's Electric Insoles.

which are highly recommended to those suffering from the effects of the gripe, by acting as a general stimulant.

The very thing which the enfeebled system needs. Thousands are being benefited thereby.

Indispensable in old age. Price 25 cents.

E. HEROLD & CO.,

Holland, Mich., Oct. 29, 1893. 40-11.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt-Rheum, Fever Sore, Tetters, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Heber Walsh, "The Drug-gist."

Four Big Successes

Having the needed merit to more than make good all the advertising claimed for them, the following four remedies have reached a phenomenal sale. Dr. King's New Discovery, for Consumption, each to be guaranteed—Electric Bitters, the great remedy for Liver, Stomach and Kidneys. Bucklen's Arnica Salve, the best in the world, and Dr. King's New Life Pills, which are a perfect pill. All these remedies are guaranteed to do just what is claimed for them and the dealers whose names are attached herewith will be glad to tell you more of them. Sold by Heber Walsh, Holland and A. De Krul Zeeland Mich.

Beautiful Clocks, just received at

40-3W H. WYKHUSEN.

At Wm. Swift's the First ward householder gets his daily family supplies.

Holland, Mich.

Holland City Laundry.

G. J. A. PESSINK PROPRIETOR.

Office on Eighth street, opposite Lyceum Opera House. Orders promptly taken and laundry delivered.—First-class work guaranteed.

Holland, Mich.

Holland, Mich.

Holland, Mich.

Holland, Mich.

Holland, Mich.

Holland, Mich.

Holland, Mich.

Holland, Mich.

Holland, Mich.

Holland, Mich.

Holland, Mich.

Holland, Mich.

Holland, Mich.

Holland, Mich.

Holland, Mich.

Holland, Mich.

Holland, Mich.

Holland, Mich.

Holland, Mich.

Holland, Mich.

Holland, Mich.

Holland, Mich.

Holland, Mich.

Holland, Mich.

Holland, Mich.

Holland, Mich.

Holland, Mich.

Holland, Mich.

Holland, Mich.

Holland, Mich.

Holland, Mich.

Holland, Mich.

Holland, Mich.

Holland, Mich.

Holland, Mich.

Holland, Mich.

Holland, Mich.

Holland, Mich.

Holland, Mich.

Holland, Mich.

Holland, Mich.

Dr. R. J. Kirkland of Grand Rapids.

Specialist in Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.

Will be at the City Hotel, Holland, on Wednesday of each week, commencing November 1.

Office hours — 8:45 to 11:45 A. M. Offers to examine and test all persons affected with any of the above mentioned diseases. A reasonable fee will be charged for consultation, except in cases of poor people.

40 11.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.

When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.

When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.

When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

40 11.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.

When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.

When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.

When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

40 11.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.

When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.

When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.

When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

40 11.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.

When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.

When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.

When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

40 11.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.

When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.

When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.

When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

40 11.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.

When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.

When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.

When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

40 11.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.

When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.

When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.

When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

40 11.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.

When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.

When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.

When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

40 11.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.

When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.

When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.

When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

40 11.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.

When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.

When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.

When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

40 11.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.

When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.

When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.

When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

40 11.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.

When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.

When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.

When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

40 11.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.

When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.

When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.

When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

40 11.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.

When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.

When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.

When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

40 11.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.

When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.

When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.

When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

40 11.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.

When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.

When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.

When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

40 11.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.

When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.

When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.

When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

40 11.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.

When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.

When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.

MOVED.

Notter & Verschure

Have moved into their

NEW BLOCK

One door west of the old stand.

They have as fine a line of

Dry Goods and Cloaks

As can be seen in the city.

As can be seen in the city.

As can be seen in the city.

As can be seen in the city.

As can be seen in the city.

As can be seen in the city.

As can be seen in the city.

As can be seen in the city.

As can be seen in the city.

As can be seen in the city.

As can be seen in the

ADDITIONAL LOCAL.

Circuit Court.

The circuit court opens next Monday. The calendar contains five criminal cases:

People vs. John Boyink, violation of liquor law.

People vs. Fred Christy, bastardy.

People vs. Samuel F. Nyhart, obtaining money under false pretense.

People vs. Frank De Vries, manslaughter.

People vs. Trientje Schreur, attempt to kill by means of poison.

Judge Padgham has arranged his court sittings in this county for the next year as follows: second Monday in January and March, first Monday in August and November.

Since the last term of court the name of Geo. E. Kollen of this city has been placed upon the roll of attorneys.

The Inquest.

The jury in the inquest of Levi Bailey, on Friday evening, returned the following verdict:

"that the body of the said Levi Bailey was found lying dead in the stove mill of the Holland Stave and Lumber Company in said city of Holland, in the County aforesaid, on the 27th day of October, A. D. 1893, and that said body when so found as aforesaid appeared to have been caught around the line shaft of said stave mill and then thrown to the ground, he the said Levi Bailey being then and there an employee at said stave mill, and, to the minds of the said jurors, while in the act of removing a certain belt that was hanging on said shaft, had his clothing caught by a coupling on said shaft, and his body revolved around the said shaft and terribly mutilated and dismembered and then thrown to the ground with great force thereby causing instantaneous death. And so the jurors aforesaid, upon their oaths aforesaid, say that the said Levi Bailey came to his death accidentally, in the manner as stated aforesaid, and not otherwise."

The remains on Saturday morning were taken to Diamond Springs, Allegan county, for interment. The family of the deceased have also moved back to the old home.

Y. M. C. A. Notes.

The social in Bergen Hall, Friday evening, was a pleasant affair and largely attended. The exercises were very entertaining, and consisted of five-minute addresses by Rev. C. A. Jacobs, G. J. Diekema, Supt. C. M. McLean and J. C. Post, the topic of each speaker being "When I was a Boy." The music was furnished by W. Olive and N. McKay.

The committee on lectures is arranging for a full course during the season, and expects to be able to report at an early date.

The attendance at the gospel meetings Sunday afternoons is steadily increasing, 136 being present last Sabbath. In the reading room the number of visitors reached 409 for the past week.

College Notes.

The Anchor is out again. No. 1 of Vol. VII has put in its appearance, Wm. J. Van Kersen, editor-in-chief. We clip the following:

"College widows are plentiful this year probably a result of leap year."

"Prof. Nykerk has recently organized two singing classes—one for rudimentary instruction, and another for more advanced music."

"Our faithful janitor Bloemendal also visited the Worlds Fair this summer. We are glad that he had also been there."

An amendment to the law authorizing the detail of army officers at colleges, now pending in the House, provides first, that the arms and ammunition shall be issued direct to the officers detailed instead of the colleges; second they give the Secretary of War authority to issue camp and garrison equipage to the several colleges; third, they give authority to the Secretary of War to detail one or more enlisted men of the army to each of the colleges as artificers or acting orderly sergeants; fourth, they provide that under regulations to be prescribed by the Secretary of War a suitable cadet uniform shall be issued for each cadet under military instruction. The above recommendations have met with the approval of the several colleges where military instruction is given and also of the officers of the War Department.

From the G. H. Tribune:—"No one seems to mind the vile mudslinging insinuations made by that organ of Albigendism and Anarchism." The above appeared in the Tribune in connection with a friendly tilt with our esteemed contemporary, the Holland City News. It was not intended by the writer to appear in the aforesaid article. In the hurry of proof reading it was overlooked. The Tribune asks the pardon of the News and its genial editor.

Personal Mention.

I. Cappon was in the Valley City Tuesday.

A. H. Meyer was in Grand Haven, Wednesday.

Horace Pope of Allegan was in the city Monday.

Sheriff Keppel stopped over a train in this city Thursday.

I. Marsille was at Benton Harbor Wednesday, on business.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Mokma visited at Grand Rapids, Wednesday.

J. Rice, the landlord of the Hotel Ottawa, was in the city Tuesday.

Rev. M. Van Doorn, of Pultneyville, N. Y., is out here on a visit.

Rev. and Mrs. E. C. Oggel left for Pullman, Ill., Wednesday morning.

D. C. Clark and daughter Mamie returned from Chicago Sunday morning.

C. L. Streng was in the city the fore part of the week, to attend the cloak sale.

Chas. De Feyter succeeds Henry Toren as messenger boy for the W. U. Telegraph Co.

John Beucus of Cedar Springs visited his mother Mrs. J. F. Dyk in this city, Thursday.

Miss Christina Vanpell has returned from a summer's visit to her sister at Pipestone, Minn.

J. C. Holmes of the Independent visited his sick mother at Burlington, Mich., this week.

H. Van Ark and J. H. Mosher of the Holland Furniture Co. were in Chicago this week, in the interest of the new plant.

Walter C. Post returned to St. Paul, Monday, after a four weeks' visit with his parents and friends in Holland and vicinity.

A. O. Dyk of Tule, S. Dak., and P. J. Rooks of Hull, N. Dak., are here on a two weeks' visit with relatives and friends.

Rev. and Mrs. J. J. Van Zanten of Muskegon were in the city this week, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. E. Van der Veen.

Mrs. Geo. Conway of Waupun, Wis., and daughter Clara arrived here Friday on a ten days' visit with relatives and friends.

Dr. M. Veenboer and F. Van Driele of Grand Rapids were in the city Wednesday, in attendance upon the funeral of Prof. Scott.

D. J. Dyk of Ontario, N. Y., will return home Sunday evening, after a week's visit to his father, J. F. Dyk, who is confined to his home by illness.

F. P. Howe, formerly an employee of the C. & W. M., has returned from Kansas City, to resume his residence in this city. He has been appointed car inspector on the C. & W. M.

Henry Hospers and wife of Orange City, Ia., passed through the city Wednesday, on their return home from Grand Rapids, where they had attended the marriage of their son Rev. Henry Hospers, Jr., of Clymer, N. Y., and Miss Anna Cornelia Duiker, daughter of Rev. R. Duiker of Grand Rapids.

EDISON AND THE BEAR.

How the Great Inventor Received an Unexpected Visit.

Thomas A. Edison's father, on one of his visits to Menlo park, brought with him a surprise to his son, a tame bear that he had captured with his own hands, says the New York World.

It was very late when he arrived, and, finding that his son was on one of his usual midnight experimental "sprees," he determined not to bother him, and went to bed after first carefully locking the cub in the cellar.

The experiments on which the "wizard" was at work were the final ones in the invention of the phonograph.

Mr. Edison was kneeling on the floor listening to the reproduction of an old song, and his assistants were bunched behind him, with every nerve strained to catch the far-off, curious sounds. So intent were they that the shambling of heavy footsteps up the stairs and the opening of the laboratory door went unnoticed, and it was only when a heavy "woof" drowned the imitation song that the little group became aware that a stranger was among them.

The next instant the laboratory shelves bore, instead of bottles, half a dozen of the worst-scared scientists in history.

Seeing the lack of disposition to show him the hospitalities of the place, the bear started on a tour of inspection of his own. He used his paws as the farmer from "Wayback" uses his umbrella in art galleries, and soon had the well-arranged workshop in compound disorder. The shelved scientists were wishing every minute that he would seize a high-voltage circuit which would give him a temporary trance. But he was too wise for that, and it began to look as if the greatest problem Edison would have to solve that night was how to escape the clutches of a bear.

The beast was having a veritable picnic in the electrical sanctum when Mr. Edison, Sr., stalked into the room.

Explanations were soon made, the bear was led downstairs and the electricians descended from their perches.

TRAVELING IN FRANCE.

A Railway Decision That Antagonizes the English and American Practice.

It is said, with some touch of scorn of our insular ways, that "Things are done differently in France," but not always better, remarks the London Illustrated News. The railway passenger, indeed, is better done there, but only in the sense of more completely done—done brown. His luggage is stolen and he gets no compensation; he finds the guard a very different being from that pink of civility in England, and he can never get accustomed to the customs. The last feat of a French stationmaster has been to decide that an article of luggage placed on the seat does not keep your place in a railway carriage. This to persons traveling alone and who have nobody to keep their place for them must be indeed delightful. In England this right is never questioned, though in some instances it is abused.

It is recorded of a certain half-splitting bishop who was accustomed to compose his "charges" in the train, and whose desk was always placed opposite to him, that he invariably treated it as though it were a living vis-a-vis. The train being very full on one occasion, a would-be passenger inquired if this place was taken, and the bishop, with his sunniest smile, expressed regret that there was no room. "I don't think that was quite right, my lord," said one of his fellow passengers, who, we may be sure, was not a curate. "What was not right?" inquired his lordship urbanely. "To say that the place was taken." "Pardon me; I did not say that it was taken. I was particularly careful to use the word 'occupied.'"

PERFUMED MISTS.

A Natural Phenomenon That Occurs on the Coast of France.

On certain parts of the coast of France, including the channel, mists occasionally appear which are generally called "perfumed mists." They come in the morning, especially during the spring, and, strangely enough, only when the wind is in the northeast. Sometimes they only last for a few minutes, at others they hang about all day. They have a characteristic smell, similar to that of a lime kiln. The origin of these mists is a mystery, says the Paris Petite Revue. In one district the inhabitants thought the smell came from some lime kilns some miles to the northeast and they may have been right; but that was not an explanation of the phenomenon, because the smell from those lime kilns could not have been carried by a northeast wind to all the other places where the mists were seen and the smell noticed. In one of those places the northeast wind comes from the sea, in another it comes from overland; the smell does not therefore necessarily come from the ground.

The best explanation given is that the blustering northeast and east winds sweep up the dust, gases and germs of the ground over which they pass and drive them toward the sea. When this wind has continued for some time it contains such a quantity of these things as to affect all our organs. That is the cause of the complaints which appear when the east wind blows, and it may be the cause of those "perfumed mists."

Bell Chimes.

Of chiming bells, whereon music is, or rather tunes are, played, the finest set is in the tower of Les Halles, at Bruges, being forty-eight in number. But the greatest number of chimes at any one place is at Antwerp, where there are ninety-nine bells, on which the most elaborate music is performed every half hour. Peal ringing, as such, is not familiar to many Europeans, especially continental ones; the best are in England. Christ church, at Oxford, has twelve such, admittedly the finest in point of tone. The largest peal is that of St. Paul's the tenor of which weighs 7,168 pounds.

"Live while you live
For you will be a long time dead."

Buy the Best Goods when you buy
and you will be sure to come
out ahead.

Buying Cheap Goods is Poor
Economy.

Our aim is not to sell cheap goods
but to sell the best goods at low-
est possible prices; hundreds of
ladies will attest the fact that
when in need of the best
best goods they always
go to

G. L. STRENG & SON.

Our stock is always complete. We do not keep a jumbled
up stock of Horse Blankets, Boots and Shoes, Sugar and
Molasses, Flour and Feed, Coal and Wood, but make
a specialty of

Staple and fancy dress goods, cloak-
ings, hosiery and underwear, lad-
ies' furnishing goods, dress
trimmings of all kinds, vas-
sar flannels, kid gloves, etc.

We always guarantee satisfaction.

G. L. STRENG & SON!

H. STERN & COMPANY'S

Grand October Opening of

FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING

We have just received the largest and most complete
assortment of Fall and Winter Clothing
ever brought to Holland.

Men's Suits,
Boys' Suits,
Children's Suits.

Men's Overcoats,
Boys' Overcoats,
Children's Overcoats.

We are sure to please you, not only with our great
variety, but also with our
Extremely Low Prices.

We have spared no pains in selecting the latest de-
signs, the choicest materials and the Highest Grade
Novelties to be found in the market. All of which
will be sold at prices Far Below Competition. You
are earnestly requested to call and examine our stock
and compare our prices before buying elsewhere.

Yours for Bargain s,

H. STERN & COMPANY,

The Reliable Clothiers.

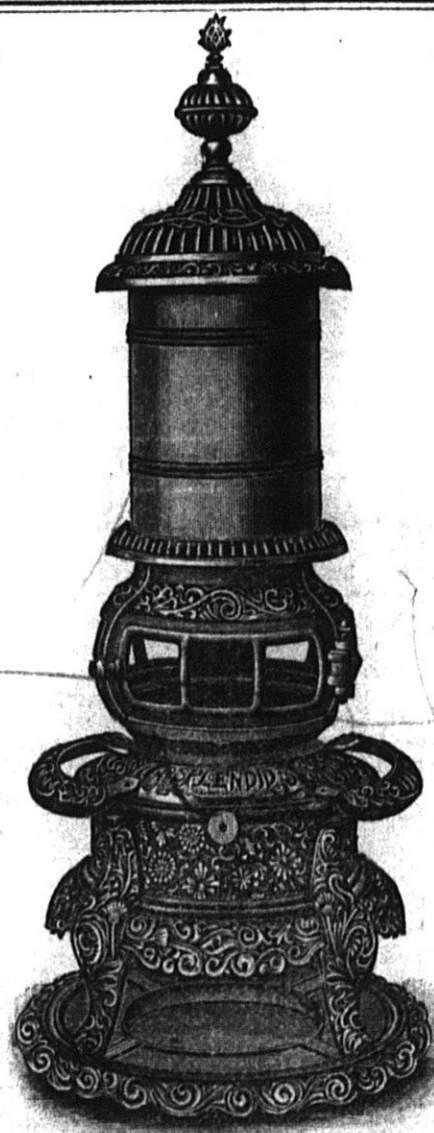
Ward Block, Holland.

The—:

Splendid Oil Heaters.

Are splendid in design
and splendid in operation.
Acknowledged the best in
the world. Every stove
warranted to give entire
satisfaction.

E. Vanderveen,
Hardware,
Holland, Mich.



MARTIN & HUIZINGA

CARRY A COMPLETE LINE OF

DRUGS

Chemicals,
Patent Medicines,
Staple Drugs and
Sundries,
Paints,
Oils
and Varnishes.

Stationry, Fancy Goods,
Periodicals, School
& College Books
a Specialty

A FULL LINE OF CHOICE CIGARS.

Pure Wines and Liquors for Medicinal
Purposes.

Prescriptions and Recipes Carefully Compounded.
Holland, Mich., Nov. 19, 1892.

RESORT!

A Forty-Acre Tract
adjoining the well-
known and favorably
located Resort known
as
Harrington's Landing
Is offered for sale at
a bargain.

If desired, eighty
acres can be had.

Inquire of
E. J. Harrington,

HOLLAND, MICH., July 12, '93.

Holland City News.

HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.

GETTING THE RANGE.

BRAZILIAN INSURGENTS DOING GREAT DAMAGE.

Death of the Founder of Notre Dame—Thieving Circus Employees—Murderer Stone Is Prolific of Confessions—Ocean Shipments of Live Stock.

Urano Is Hit by a Shell.

The London Times has the following advice from Rio de Janeiro: The armed steamer Urano, while leaving Rio, was hit by a shell and badly damaged. She reports that forty of her crew were killed. The insurgents have an abundance of munitions of war. Decisive action by Admiral Mello is expected shortly. The government is mounting guns on the city batteries. The Republics rammed the transport Rio de Janeiro, which was conveying 1,100 troops to Santos, and 500 of the troops were drowned. Admiral Mello confirms the truth of this report. New York advises say six more United States merchant ships have been purchased by the government of Brazil for use as war ships. This gives to the Brazilian Government ten new vessels. There was a rumor that Dom Augusto, a son of the Princess Leopoldina, the second daughter of Dom Pedro II, was now on his way to Brazil and that if Admiral Mello succeeded a Prince of the House of Braganza would be re-established on the throne of Brazil. Princess Isabella, the wife of the Comte D'Eu and Dom Pedro's heir, is very unpopular, and if Admiral Mello made an attempt to restore the Braganza dynasty it is probable that he would seat either one of the two sons of Isabella or else Dom Augusto, who is very popular with all classes.

STONE'S THIRD CONFESSION.

Implicates Several Accomplices in the Wratten Murder.

A special from Washington, Ind., says James Stone, the self-confessed murderer of six members of the Wratten family, has made another and third confession. He was taken from Jeffersonville penitentiary, where he had been confined to prevent lynching, to Washington at midnight Monday night and told his story of the awful crime to the grand jury. It is said that he implicated several other parties in the crime, whose purpose was robbery. As soon as he told his story he was rushed back to the penitentiary, and no sensational arrests are expected at any moment. It will be remembered that Stone in his first confession implicated five other men. In his second he said he did the bloody deed alone. In prison he devotes most of his time to shouting gospel songs and verses from the Bible. His crime has no parallel in Indiana criminal annals.

FATHER SORIN DEAD.

Founder of Notre Dame University Expires at South Bend.

The Very Rev. Edward Sorin, Supreme General of the Order of the Holy Cross and founder of the celebrated University of Notre Dame, died at ten o'clock on Tuesday morning at South Bend, Ind. As it became known that his minutes were numbered, the priests and professors of the university assembled at his bedside, and his last breath was drawn in the presence of most of his friends and fellow-laborers. For several weeks Father Sorin had lain ill in his beautiful residence, "The Presbytery," which is situated on an eminence near the Church of the Sacred Heart, overlooking the peaceful waters of St. Mary's Lake. Bright's disease had fastened upon him, and though until recently he had been able to get about the university grounds, and even to drive into the city of South Bend, he knew as well as his physicians that his death was not distant.

ROBBED BY EMPLOYEES.

Manager Bailey, of the Forepaugh Show, Said to Be Out \$100,000.

James A. Bailey, owner of the Forepaugh show, has been robbed of about \$100,000 by faithless employees. The facts have been kept secret for some time, but finally leaked out. Joseph McCadden, Mr. Bailey's brother-in-law and manager of the show, installed his nephew as cashier shortly after the show went on the road last year. From that time, it is alleged, a conspiracy has existed, including employees in all departments, from the ticket wagon to doortenders and ushers, by which thousands were stolen. The robbery was not discovered until the end of the season.

DR. PARKHURST THREATENED.

He Is Warned to Abandon His Crusade or Be Murdered.

Rev. Dr. Charles H. Parkhurst of New York, declares that his life has not been threatened, and although he has not yet accepted the advice of friends, who insist that he should have a bodyguard, he has taken measures to protect himself. Dr. Parkhurst says that on Saturday he received a letter which not only said that he would be killed if he persisted in his social crusade, but even told of the means that would be adopted in murdering him. Dr. Parkhurst would not say anything further about the contents of the letter.

Ocean Shipments of Live Stock.

Secretary Gresham has written a letter to the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce regarding the bill recently introduced by Mr. Cummings of New York, providing for a conference of maritime nations to consider the best methods of carrying live stock in ocean vessels. The Secretary replies that several governments have on occasion heretofore had correspondence with this country seeking to accomplish the very object which is proposed in Mr. Cummings' bill. The Secretary commends the bill.

In Memory of Lafayette.

The Patriotic Sons of America, of Chester County, Pa., will erect a monument to General Lafayette on the spot where he was wounded near Birmingham.

Epidemic of Cranks.

The New York crank crop was particularly abundant Tuesday. Nine new specimens were added to the list gathered in by the police on Monday. One of these was a woman who raved a disturbance in a church, while one of the male cranks ventured into the office of Superintendent Byrnes.

A Poet Murderer.

At West Charleston, W. Va., a Langston twitted John Fisher about a cowardly escapade. Fisher, who was drunk, turned upon Langston, stabbing him five times, causing death in a few minutes.

CREMATED IN THE WRECK.

Ann Arbor Train Runs Into a Sink Hole and Three Men Lose Their Lives.

Three more deaths have been added to the long list of those recently caused by railroad disasters in Michigan. The unfortunate were members of the crew of a freight train which ran into a sink hole three miles north of Hamburg Junction. The dead are: Charles Beaulieu, engineer; George Alberts, fireman; Thomas Mulligan, brakeman. The catastrophe was rendered more horrible by the taking fire of the train and the consequent incineration of the bodies of Beaulieu and Alberts. The corpse of Mulligan has been recovered. The spot where the disaster occurred is at the mouth of a deep cut overhanging with trees, which renders it impenetrably dark. The soil of the place is loose and sandy, making the construction of a firm roadbed a matter of no inconsiderable difficulty. Recent rains have caused a large washout at the place, and that night the sink-hole had settled ten or twelve feet. The train, which was a fast freight on the Toledo, Ann Arbor and North Michigan Railway, was traveling at the rate of fully thirty miles an hour when it reached the scene of the disaster. The track was clear, and in the darkness it was impossible for the engineer to possess even an inkling of the danger by which he was menaced. As the train left the gully the engine plunged without a moment's warning into the pitfall, and turned completely over, killing the occupants of the cab instantly and burying them in a mass of wreckage. The trainmen in the caboose were thrown to the floor, but quickly scrambled to their feet and ran to the assistance of the engineer and fireman. Even before they reached the front of the train a sheet of flame had wrapped the wreck of the engine and precluded all possibility of approaching it. Oil from the broken tank poured over the engine and was blazing fiercely in an instant. The fire quickly communicated itself to the rest of the train and before long almost every car was on fire.

TRADE IS DISTURBED.

Wheat Breaks from 65 1/2 to 64 1/2 Cents and Closes Heavy.

The scare among the wheat shorts which existed as the regular session of the Chicago Board of Trade closed Tuesday, when 65 1/2¢ was bid for December, boiled over on the curb a few minutes after and subdued the fierceness of the bull (ra, but not until some unfortunate shorts with too slender margins had paid 65 1/2¢ immediately after the session had closed. The chief cause of the advance was the report of the prospective speedy repeal of the silver purchase. Those reports appeared to have been based upon good substantial grounds, but a change had occurred Wednesday morning in the manner of looking at the probable effect of repeal upon the price of wheat. It will possibly revive the general trade of the country, it was admitted, but it will make wheat none the less over-plentiful, and unless either the receipts become smaller or the foreign demand more urgent it can have no lasting influence upon the value of wheat, it was argued. With that view prevailing, not only in Chicago but apparently at the other centers of wheat speculation in the country, the market opened weak with sellers of December at 65 1/2¢ to 65 1/4¢ and a generally downward tendency during the first hour and a half of the session. Chicago receipts on Wednesday were 131 cars; a year ago 432 cars were received. Minneapolis got 464 cars and Duluth 440, making together 874, compared with 746 for the corresponding time a year ago. The Liverpool market was quoted steady at 1/4d advance for American wheat.

Big Pacific Mail Steamer Grounded.

The City of New York went ashore on Point Bonita in San Francisco harbor Thursday afternoon, just as she was starting on her voyage to China and Japan. She was under a full head of steam. The force was very heavy. As soon as the ship struck there was a scene of wild confusion. The 1,200 Chinese in the steerage set up a howl that could be heard half across the Golden Gate. Captain Johnston was wonderfully cool, however, and he and his officers soon restored order. The two took of the two cabin passengers and all the Chinese, but they could do nothing to dislodge the vessel, as she was hard and fast. The captain had tried to get out what is known as the inner passage and in the thick fog had gone too near the rocks. A fearful tide was running, which carried him on the rocks. When she struck the compartments were closed, but she soon had eight feet of water. Most of the cargo will be a total loss. Experts put the value of the vessel and cargo at a half-million dollars. Of treasure she carried \$101,290 for China and Japan, of which three-quarters were Mexican dollars. There is no insurance on her.

Four Were Killed.

A pitched battle took place near Two Medicine creek, on the east slope of the Rockies near Kalspell, Mont., between five train robbers who held up the Northern Pacific passenger train near Livingston and the blackfoot Indian police unit, in which three of the robbers and one Indian were killed and another so badly wounded that he will not live.

New Priests for Oklahoma.

Right Rev. Theodore Meerchaert, Bishop of Oklahoma and Indian Territory, has just sailed from Rome, where he has been all summer, having been summoned there by the Pope last spring. He brings with him a number of new priests for the Territory work, and also the authority and means for extending the work of the church greatly in this field.

Death in a Prairie Fire.

Mrs. James Whitehead and her daughter while on a claim in the Cherokee strip, were over taken by a prairie fire near Hennessey. The mother placed her daughter on a pony, but before Mrs. Whitehead could mount her own horse the flames reached her and she was burned to death. The daughter escaped.

Rifles for the Miners.

At Huntsville, Mo., Mine Operator Breckinridge has ordered a large number of Winchester rifles and is preparing to incite miners to take the place of strikers there. Two negro miners were mobbed and several new men were persuaded to quit work.

Vacancy on the Bench.

The death of Hugh L. Bond, Judge of the Fourth Judicial Circuit, leaves a vacancy for President Cleveland to fill. Judge Bond had held the place for over twenty years, or since his appointment by President Grant in 1870.

Coming Into a Rich Inheritance.

It is said on what appears good authority that Marcus Flood, of East Otto, N. Y., and his sister, Mrs. Margaret Hilliker, of Glenwood, have fallen heirs to \$1,000,000 each, a fortune left by James G. Flood, of California, who was their uncle.

HOLY WAR NOW ON.

TERRIFIC FIGHTING IS IN PROGRESS AT MELILLA.

Priests Lead the Moors—General Margallo and Other Spanish Officers Killed—Vengeance to Be Visited on the Arabs—Large Forces of Troops Will Leave Madrid.

Battle with Moors.

The battle fought about the trenches before Melilla, which resulted in the death of Gen. Margallo, who commanded the Spanish troops in the first battle about Sidi Quaritch, has caused a profound sensation in Madrid. The engagement was commenced by General Ortega, who, at the head of the re-enforcements to Melilla, drove the Moors from the trenches they had occupied in front of the Spanish fortifications. The Moors fought desperately and with the greatest courage. Many of the Spaniards were killed, and among them was the unfortunate Gen. Margallo, who only forty-eight hours previously exposed his troops to a second defeat by sending a mere handful of men to the onslaught of the tens of thousands of Moors. The Spaniards were amazed at the courage shown by the Moors. In face of a terrible fire the Moors charged recklessly forward until they managed to approach within twenty yards of the forts, driving the Spaniards into the trenches before them and cutting the telephone and telegraph wires which had been erected in order to keep up communication with the outlying forts and trenches. It is rumored that there has been serious loss of life on both sides. The situation of the Spaniards is said to be growing desperate and additional efforts are to be put forward to hasten the dispatch of re-enforcements to the front. The Moors were lead by priests.

TRADE HOPE RETURNS.

Stocks Go Up and Business Prospects Are Revived.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade sums up the situation as follows: "Port is in sight after a long and stormy voyage, and the prospect of a speedy end of the struggle over repeal has brought bright hopes to business. Stocks climbed rapidly for three days, banks relaxed restraints, commercial loans are more freely sought and made, and reports from all quarters show the prevalence of more hopeful feeling. This of itself tends to produce some revival of consumption and of industry which, nevertheless, has made but moderate progress as yet. It is still too soon to expect much effort in trade and manufactures, and though monetary obstacles are to a large extent removed there still remain other legislative questions which create uncertainty."

NATIONAL BANK TAXES.

Personal Property Declared to Be Exempt from State Assessment.

Judge Archibald, of Scranton, Pa., has rendered an opinion denying the right of the State to collect from national banks the 4-mill tax which it imposes in security for money at interest, whether held by individuals or corporations, State, or national. The Judge holds that national banks are agencies of the National Government, and that as Congress has allowed them to be taxed by the States only in two particulars—on their real estate and share—a tax upon their personal property is beyond the State's power.

Supposed Treasure in a Graveyard.

Two Cincinnati men named Hasse and Deux have aroused the inhabitants of Shunk, near Napoleon, to an insane pitch by hiring two dozen laborers, who are digging up two acres of ground in the rear of the cemetery to a depth of one and one-half feet. It is said that Jacob Spangler buried a chest of treasure there in 1841. Hasse says that both the property and the key to the hiding of the treasure came to him at his heritage. Hundreds of farmers watch the proceedings each day. The excitement is intense and officers are in attendance to maintain order.

Victim of Melancholia.

Miss Daisy Garland, aged 23 years, daughter of ex-Attorney General Garland, committed suicide at her home at Washington, Friday afternoon, by shooting herself through the heart with her father's revolver. Miss Garland's friends say she had been subject to mental aberration, and lately had been suffering with religious melancholia. The coroner after viewing the remains decided that an inquest was unnecessary.

Drunken Quarrel Ends in Death.

George McDonald and Joseph Miller became involved in a quarrel in a saloon at Continental O. Miller was drunk and drawing a revolver chased McDonald from the place and shot him dead, besides shooting Andrew Hamilton in the lungs, inflicting a fatal wound. Miller terrorized the neighborhood and defied the Marshal to arrest him and made his escape.

Chicago's Mayor Assassinated.

Carier H. Harrison, Mayor of Chicago, was shot down in his own doorway Saturday night by an irresponsible crank—a crazy seeker after political office. The assassin fired three bullets at close range into the body of the aged Mayor, who sank to the floor and expired in a few moments. The murderer then gave himself up.

Three Indiana Prisoners Escape.

At noon on Friday, as a son of Sheriff Leming was taking water into the prisoners' confinement in the county jail at Washington, Ind., three of them—Fellers, Taylor, and Cole—knocked the boy down and escaped. The prisoner Cole was captured, but the others escaped.

Cash and Cashier Gone.

The Rainwater-Bradford Hat Company at St. Louis has been forced to make an assignment by the discovery that L. J. Silva, the cashier, has embezzled over \$100,000 of the concern's cash. The liabilities are \$175,000 and the assets \$200,000. Silva has disappeared.

She Has Her Way and Her Coachman.

Mildred Hill, the 19-year-old daughter of George T. Hill, a New York dry goods merchant, and Frederick Mansfield, a young Englishman, a driver, were married after a courtship conducted clandestinely.

Confederate Monument Unveiled.

The Confederate monument erected at Goodwood Cemetery, Clarksville, Tenn., was unveiled Wednesday with appropriate ceremonies. Many thousands of visitors from the South were present.

Mill Closing Down.

Owing to a falling off in American orders the mills in Armagh, Ireland, that weave the superior kind of damask are running on short time.

New York Broker Falls.

The failure of S. G. Dwan, of 16 Broad street, New York, has been announced on the consolidated exchange.

MANY WILL BE DROPPED.

Closing of the Fair Will Stagnate Labor Circles Somewhat.

From present indications the closing of the World's Fair will not be as productive of hard times to the thousands of people who have been employed at Jackson park and by the various companies affected by the exposition as many have supposed. There has been a general impression that the closing of the gigantic enterprise would throw thousands out of employment who would have little saved from their summer's earnings and practically no prospect of work during the winter months. That many will be left in this condition is probable, but there is every reason to believe that the number will be exceedingly small compared with the total number who have been at work for the Exposition Company, the concessionaries, and the allied interests outside the grounds. Indeed, it is said that the workmen thrown on the market will make no appreciable difference in the condition of affairs. At least 3,000 men who now find employment at the World's Fair grounds will probably be out of work by Jan. 1. The reduction in the working force of the Exposition will not be immediate in most of the departments, but the men will be dispensed with gradually.

MAY SUFFER FOR COAL.

Railroads Have Not Hauled Any Into Chicago and the Supply Is Low.

Except for the comparatively small amount shipped in this summer by the lake transportation lines, no coal has been brought into Chicago for several months past. The railroads have been taxed to their utmost to handle the World's Fair passenger traffic to the exclusion of almost all other business, and the hauling of coal, which in other times has been such an important item of business at this season of the year, has been for the most part abandoned. As a consequence of this condition of affairs coal dealers are extremely short of coal, so much so in fact that the question of where fuel is coming from, should a cold spell set in, is already a serious one.

Great Luck for Chicago.

Chicago is now assured of the greatest historical museum in the world. The museum fund, which seemed to be lagging, received a tremendous impetus Thursday, when Marshall Field made a cash donation to it of \$1,000,000. In giving a million to the museum, Mr. Field suggested two conditions, which are considered quite as generous as the gift itself. One of them is that the citizens of Chicago shall contribute \$500,000 to the same fund. When George M. Pullman heard of that stipulation he hesitated for a moment and then said: "Let me down for \$100,000." The second condition suggested by Mr. Field is that \$2,000,000 of the World's Fair stock shall be transferred by the holders to the museum trustees. As an encouragement to stockholders to contribute their holdings, Mr. Field supplements his gift of a million in cash by giving his world's Fair stock, \$100,000, to the museum.

Commission Honors Its Chief.

Macmillan beyond all its predecessors of the World's Fair year was the banquet tendered President Thomas W. Palmer by his colleagues of the National Commission at the Auditorium Hotel Wednesday night. In point of decoration Chicago, and that means America, never had seen anything so gorgeously beautiful. In all its appointments the dinner was perfect; the speeches which followed the coffee were full of wit and interest; the guests were all personal friends of that "jolly good fellow" in whose honor they broke bread.

Swift to Avenge.

A special from Zanzibar states that a Second Lieutenant of the Italian dispatch vessel Staffetta was murdered by Somalis, at Merkah, on the main land, forty-six miles west of Magasdo. The Staffetta subsequently bombarded the town, and then landed sailors and marines who killed several of the Somalis concerned in the murder. All the Somalis in the place were disarmed.

Will Take Land for Her Life.

While returning home from Napoleon, Ohio, Jacob Winnock, a land magnate of Henry County, quarreled with his wife and fired two bullets into her body. She is barely alive, but refuses to prosecute Winnock on his agreement to give her 500 acres of his best land.

Saved His Friend but Not Himself.

At Can on, Ohio, Michael Watkins, aged 23 years, a miner, saw a huge lump of coal descending from the roof. He pushed a companion, Walter McCarthy, out of the way, but could not escape himself. He was probably fatally crushed.

Six Hurt at a Fire.

Six men were badly injured, one or two probably fatally, at a whisky storage warehouse fire in Pittsburgh Friday, which lapped up nearly a million dollars' worth of property.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

CHICAGO.			
CATTLE—Common to Prime.	\$3.50	@	5 7/8
HOGS—Shipping Grades.	4.00	@	7.00
SHEEP—Fair to Choice.	2.25	@	3 7/8
WHEAT—No. 2 Spring.	64	@	65
CORN—No. 2.	38	@	39
OATS—No. 2.	22	@	23
RYE—No. 2.	48	@	50
BUTTER—Choice Creamery.	27 1/2	@	28 1/2
EGGS—Fresh.	20	@	21
POTATOES—Per Ton.	55	@	65
INDIANAPOLIS.			
CATTLE—Shipping.	3.00	@	5 1/2
HOGS—Choice Light.	4.00	@	6 1/2
WHEAT—Common to Prime.	2.00	@	3.00
CORN—No. 2 Yellow.	41	@	42
CORN—No. 2 White.	31	@	32
OATS—No. 2 White.	20 1/2	@	20 3/4
ST. LOUIS.			
CATTLE.	3.00	@	5 1/2
HOGS.	4.00	@	6 1/2
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.	61	@	62
CORN—No. 2.	37	@	38
OATS—No. 2.	26	@	27
BALLLEY—Low.	52	@	53
CINCINNATI.			
CATTLE.	3.00	@	5.00
HOGS.	3.00	@	5.50
WHEAT—No. 2.	2.00	@	3.75
CORN—No. 2.	38	@	39
OATS—No. 2.	22	@	23
RYE—No. 2.	48	@	50
DETROIT.			
CATTLE.	3.00	@	4.75
HOGS.	3.10	@	4.50
SHEEP.	3.00	@	4.00
WHEAT—No. 2.	63	@	64
CORN—No. 2 Yellow.	42	@	43
CORN—No. 2 White.	31	@	32
OATS—No. 2.	20 1/2	@	20 3/4
TOLEDO.			
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.	63 1/2	@	64 1/2
CORN—No. 2.	38	@	39
OATS—No. 2.	22	@	23
RYE—No. 2.	47	@	49
BUFFALO.			
WHEAT—No. 1 Hard.	70	@	71
CORN—No. 2 Yellow.	42	@	43
OATS—No. 2.	35	@	36
RYE—No. 2.	50	@	52
MILWAUKEE.			
WHEAT—No. 2 Spring.	69	@	70
CORN—No. 3.	37 1/2	@	38 1/2
OATS—No. 2.	30	@	31
RYE—No. 1.	48	@	49
BUTTER—Creamery.	54	@	56
PORK—New Mess.	15.50	@	16.25
NEW YORK.			
CATTLE.	3.00	@	5.00
HOGS.	3.75	@	5.25
SHEEP.	3.25	@	3.75
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.	90	@	91
CORN—No. 2.	40 1/2	@	41 1/2
OATS—Mixed Western.	34	@	35
BUTTER—Creamery.	23	@	24
PORK—New Mess.	15.25	@	15.75

GRAND JURY INDICTS.

PRENDERCAST MUST ANSWER FOR HIS CRIME.

Captain Hedberg Killed by His Lieutenant at Fort Sheridan—Senate Votes for Unconditional Repeal, 43 to 32—Fair's Last Day.

Grand Jury Prompt to Act.

Murder of Carter H. Harrison is the charge in the indictment against Patrick Eugene Prendergast found by the Grand Jury at Chicago, Monday forenoon. The only witness examined was Inspector Shea. He testified to the prisoner's confession and the circumstances surrounding it. Then the evidence taken before the Coroner, together with the verdict of the Coroner's Jury, was submitted. The Grand Jury then unanimously decided to find a true bill. News of his indictment was conveyed to the prisoner by Jailer Morris. Prendergast was smoking a cigar and stopped puffing only to say "Well" with the air of a man having nothing to fear. Prendergast reflected a moment and then continued meditatively: "If I get a fair trial I'll be acquitted. I was justified in doing what I did. He promised me a place and didn't give it to me."

TRAGEDY AT THE FORT.

Lieut. Maney Ends a Brief and Heated Argument by Shooting His Captain.

Captain Alfred Hedberg, of Company I, Fifteenth Infantry, stationed at Fort Sheridan, Ill., was shot and killed at three o'clock on Monday afternoon by Lieutenant Maney, quartermaster of the same regiment. The tragedy occurred near the cavalry stables, and was witnessed by a number of cavalrymen, but only one man, Sergeant Copeland, heard the conversation that preceded it, and he has been ordered to keep absolute silence until the official investigation. There was a hot dispute, which was ended in the Lieutenant's drawing a revolver and shooting the Captain in the groin. The wounded man was taken to the hospital, where he died an hour afterward. Lieut. Maney gave himself up immediately and was placed under arrest. He was allowed to remain in his quarters under guard of three privates and a corporal. Officer of the Day Cornish held an examination at once, the result of which has not yet been ascertained.

REPEAL BILL PASSES.

The End of the Two Months Fight in the Senate.

After exactly two months of debate the Senate Monday night passed the Voorhees bill for the unconditional repeal of the purchasing clause of the Sherman law. A similar measure, known as the Wilson bill, passed the House on Aug. 23, and on the same day it was introduced in the Senate. The next day the Finance Committee, of which Mr. Voorhees is chairman, reported a substitute to the Senate, and on the same date, Tuesday, Aug. 23, the discussion of the measure was formally opened. Upon its final passage, the bill received the support of forty-three Senators. Thirty-two recorded their votes against it, and the measure was carried by a majority of eleven. The closing scene was comparatively tame and uninteresting. In the two months of discussion there have been some spirited speeches and lively incidents; thousands of pages of the Congressional Record have been filled, and some of the longest speeches on record have been made.

GLOOMY END OF THE FAIR.

Program Discarded on Account of the Mayor's Assassination.

Dull and cheerless dawned the last day of the great World's Fair. The faint rays of the morning sun, struggling through banks of murky clouds, shone upon a deserted city. There was an air of desolation over all. From every flagstaff drooped a banner at half-mast. As a tribute to the memory of Chicago's late chief magistrate the festivities that were to have marked Columbus day were all dropped. The music was hushed and the few who straggled about in the raw atmosphere seemed weary and uninterested. Fave the officials and concessionaires, there were few in the grounds. Exhibitors were preparing to leave and the noise of the hammer and the bustle of packing up was everywhere heard. The last coupon was torn out of the photograph passes, but for two weeks the covers will be honored at the pass gates. The regular price of admission will be retained as long as there is anything within the grounds to attract visitors.

William Will Stop Gambling.

Emperor William has requested Herr Hanauer, Imperial Minister of Justice, to submit to him the papers in the Hanover gambling case. His Majesty gave an audience to General Broussard von Scheffendorf, the War Minister, who made a verbal report to the Emperor regarding the case and the military officers mixed up in it. The Emperor has decided that measures shall at once be taken to definitely put an end to the prevalent gambling mania among the aristocratic army officers.

Has Not Got Back from the Fair.

Some three weeks ago Jacob Pence left Lebanon, Ohio, to visit the World's Fair and took with him \$3,000 in money and bank checks. Since then his family have heard nothing from him, though he told them when he left that he would be at home about Oct. 17. Mr. Pence is about 55 years

ORIGIN OF "HURRA."

It is said to be derived from the German interjection "Hurra."

A writer in the London Times claimed that the exclamation "hurra" was of Slavonic origin. Subsequently Dr. C. A. Busheim, of King's college, London, alluding to the statement, wrote, saying: "I presume your correspondent must have some authority for this assertion, but I hope you will allow me to point out that, as far as I know, the word is of purely German origin. It is generally assumed to be derived from the imitative interjection hurra, describing a rapid movement, from which word the middle high German hurren, 'to move rapidly,' or rather to hurry, has been formed. Hurra is therefore nothing else but an enlarged form of hurra, and, as I said, of purely Teutonic origin. In Grimm's 'Worterbuch' we find the interjection quoted from a minnesinger. It also occurs in Danish and Swedish, and it would be interesting to know when it was first introduced in this country in the Anglicized form of 'hurra.' In Germany it was frequently used during the Napoleonic wars by the Prussian soldiers, and it also occurs in some political and martial songs of those days. Since then it seems to have been adopted also by other nations, even by the French in the form of hurra. That the interjection did not become so popular in Germany as a cheer at a convivial gathering as in this country is probably owing to the circumstance that preference was given here to the brief exclamation 'Hoch!' forming respectively the end and the beginning of the phrases 'Er lebe hoch' and 'Hoch soll er leben.' Of late the word hurra seems to have become rather popular in Germany. It is just possible that the English reimported it there, or that it was revived through the magnificent poem of 'Hurra, Germania!' written by the poet laureate of German people, Ferdinand Freiligrath."

THE STORM AT THE SHORE.

Pretty Description of a Gale on the Massachusetts Coast.

It was a superb storm. Its depredations and disasters by land and sea are elsewhere counted in another reckoning, but there was a joy in the splendor of the gale, seen from a high and quiet center, beside a gay wood fire, while the trees lashed like green waves and the gray waves of ocean were springing into white trees of spray against far rocks and headlands, says the Boston Transcript. The rain poured, poured, poured all day long; the surf on the shore boomed in harmonious thunder, and far at sea there were white caps bigger than anything Neptune could ever wear, better to be called white gowns, tearing to tatters high above the deep, quiet home whence no mermaids stirred. The sweep of the changing wind and the breaking away of the nearer and the farther fogs brought in sight no brave sail. Wise mariners of pleasure had put into safe harbors, and the few sea-going vessels on duty bound beat their way reluctantly beyond the horizon's close boundary. A big storm at the seashore has its compensations, even when it drives all but the most adventurous souls into rocking-chairs beside sea-looking windows. There are always the adventurous also in these thousands of homes beside the sea, marauders in tall rubber boots and mackintoshes, who break into nature's outside yet esoteric secrets of the storm and bring them home untold, indeed untellable, after the wrestle with the winds on the cliff, while the sweet fresh waters from the heavens and the high dashing fringes of salt spray beat upon adventurous peering faces, and leave to incautiously talking mouths some taste of the bitter and the sweet.

TAKE A BEECH TREE.

It is Considered the Safest for Shelter in a Thunder Storm.

The danger of taking refuge under a tree when caught in a thunderstorm is one of which we are constantly reminded; but, when we have to choose between getting wet through with its attendant discomfort and the (apparently) small chance of being struck by lightning while under the shelter of the tree, it is only natural that we should decide in favor of the latter, says the Paris Figaro.

Under such circumstances it is of advantage to know which is the best tree to choose for shelter. A certain Herr Wockert tells us that we should select a beech tree, and gives us the following reason:

It is always advisable to select those trees whose leaves are hairy or ciliated in preference to trees with smooth leaves. The danger of being struck by lightning depends not only upon the height of the tree, but also upon its power of conductivity, determined by the amount of sap and its electric tension.

Most of us know the tendency of points to attract electricity, the most notable example of the application of this principle being the lightning conductor. The hair, or cilia, of leaves act the part of natural lightning conductors, and thus prevent the formation of a very strong electro-motive force; therefore it stands to reason that there is less danger in sheltering under a beech tree than under an oak or trees of a similar kind.

A Strange Wedding Custom.

During medieval times a woman who had nothing when she was married escaped responsibility for her debts. Women were then often married in a single garment to relieve themselves of indebtedness. A young and noble German lady of the sixteenth century, to make assurance doubly sure, had the marriage ceremony performed while she was standing in a closet, entirely divested of clothing. She put out her hand through the crack of the door and was thus married. As soon as the ceremony was performed the groom, clergyman and witnesses left the room, she came out, arrayed herself in clothes provided by her husband and took her place at the marriage feast.

THE HABIT OF DRUDGERY.

Some Advantages and Otherwise of Having a Distinguished Brother.

Since my brother Mundanus has become rich and famous as the author and autocrat of the bootjack trust, I have been very strongly tempted to stop working for myself and arrange with him for my support, says a writer in Scribner's. It may be that I shall conclude that the habit of drudgery is too firmly fixed on me to be thrown off with impunity, so that perhaps I shall elect to go on working; but if I do it will be in the nature of self-indulgence, maintained for more personal ease, against my conviction of what is just and right.

For my argument is, and it is conceived on general and impersonal grounds, and founded without prejudice on dispassionate observation, that a comfortable maintenance without work is a very moderate set-off to any ordinary man for the inconvenience and detriment of having an immoderately successful brother. The reason lies in the incorrigible tendency of society to measure brothers by the same standard. When they are little society puts them back to back and observes which is the taller. When they are grown it piles their achievements or renown or incomes up side by side, and remarks which pile is bigger.

Mr. Rockefeller's or Mr. Astor's income may run up into the millions, without making anyone think the worse of my capacity; but ever since it became known that Mundanus was getting fifty thousand dollars a year (largely payable in Bootjack stock, as I happen to know, but the public doesn't), it has been imputed to me as a fault, and somewhat of a disgrace, that my in-takings were not so large. However conscientiously a man may have used the talents given him, and whatever progress he may have made in life, if it be his misfortune to have a meteoric brother who has sailed conspicuously where he has had to plod, and arrived glorious where he has sweated in patient aspiration, the slow-gaited man is bound to suffer as I do by disparaging comparison with his occupied fellow of the same brood.

ENGLISHMEN NOT LOVABLE.

A Briton Calls Them Aggressive, Purse-Proud and Hypocritical.

The editor of the Times appears to have just discovered that the French detest the English as bitterly, if not more so, than they do and other neighboring nation, says London Truth, and in a leading article on Saturday that paper astonished the world with a labored attempt to account for the cause of this dislike to us. But the reason is a very simple one.

We English are by no means a lovable race. We have many admirable qualities. We are a hardy, practical, persevering people; but these are not in themselves sympathetic properties. We are aggressive, self-assertive, purse-proud and hypocritical. We are apt to sing psalms and pick pockets at one and the same time, and our neighbors, not altogether unjustly, therefore, resent the over-righteous tone that we adopt in criticising them and their concerns.

Wherever the Englishman goes he has the fatal influence of spoiling even the most simple of characters. A few British tourists will make the inhabitants of the most inexperienced province shrewd, suspicious, grasping and dishonest. This is within the common knowledge of any who have traveled in little-visited lands, and a consideration of this phenomenon will enable us the better, perhaps, to understand why our neighbors, and more especially the French, so heartily detest us.

It is also a curious fact that whenever there are any general elections to be held in the great republics the most popular policy is to twist the tail of the British lion. It would be instructive as a subject for the dull season to discuss the question: "Are we English really much superior to all other nations?" I think we are, but apparently our neighbors think otherwise; and it might be well, therefore, to discover whether we are mistaken or whether they are stupidly prejudiced.

DEVOTED DOGS.

They Sacrificed Themselves for Their Little Mistress.

A writer in Our Animal Friends relates a story of two fox-terriers, Tan and Tally, which belonged to a physician in southern California, and were the playmates of his little daughter Mabel. They had been her companions from her babyhood, and she was now five years old. On the day in question she and they were frolicking in the garden, when the little girl's attention was attracted by a peculiar noise in a bush at her elbow.

She peered into the branches to see what had made the noise. Instantly the head of a snake reared itself before her, and the sound of its rattles was repeated. Mabel stood as if fascinated. The gardener, at work not far off, screamed to her to run, and hurried as fast as he could to her rescue. Hurry as he might, however, he would have been too late but for the dogs.

They saw the little girl's danger, and threw themselves between her and it, worrying the snake till the man could come up and kill it. They were quite aware of their own danger; again and again, when camping out with their master, they had shown the greatest terror at the sound of a snake's rattles; but they could not see the child injured.

When the mother came in answer to the shouts of the gardener, she found Mabel safe, but both dogs were already in the agonies of death.

Slightly Different.

An English lawyer, Mr. William Willis, was once rather amusingly interrupted in a speech.

In addressing a political meeting, Mr. Willis found an opportunity of referring to Charles Dickens' character, Barkis, and of exclaiming "Barkis is willin'."

"No, no," shouted a workingman in the audience, "it aint 'Barkis is willin', but 'Willis is barkin'!"

Wm. BRUSSE & CO.

Tailors
Clothiers,
and
Mens' Furnishers.

Our Winter Stock of Underwear is now in and ready for inspection.

Corner Clothing Store,
Holland, Michigan.

Barler's Ideal Oil Heater,

WITH
Nickel Roller Bank,

is without exception
**Handsomest,
Most Effective
and
Convenient**

Heater for Individual rooms.

We are prepared to prove this.

For Sale by **Kanters Bros.**

For the Season!
G. Van Putten
& SONS'

For Ladies.

Dress and Apron Gingham.
Challies, 5 cents a yard.
Pongee Satteens.
Ladies' Underwear.
Hosiery, Belts.
Corsets, Umbrellas.
Face Veilings.
A full line of Mitts, from 20 cents upwards.
Windsor Ties.

For Gents.

Underwear, at all prices.
Full line of Gents' Hosiery.
Overalls, Jackets, and Pants.

FAMILY SUPPLIES PROMPTLY DELIVERED.

G. Van Putten & Sons.

River Street, Holland, Mich.

WHY IS THE W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 SHOE THE BEST SHOE IN THE WORLD FOR THE MONEY?

It is a seamless shoe, with no tacks or wax thread to hurt the feet; made of the best fine calf, stylish and easy, and because we make more shoes of this grade than any other manufacturer, it equals hand-sewed shoes costing from \$4.00 to \$5.00.

\$5.00 Genuine Hand-sewed, the finest calf shoe ever offered for \$5.00; equals French imported shoes which cost from \$8.00 to \$12.00.

\$4.00 Hand-sewed Welt Shoe, fine calf, stylish, comfortable and durable. The best shoe ever offered at this price; same grade as custom-made shoes costing from \$6.00 to \$8.00.

\$3.50 Police Shoe; Farmers, Railroad Men and Letter Carriers all wear them; fine calf, seamless, smooth inside, heavy three soles, extension edge. One pair will wear a year.

\$2.50 fine calf; no better shoe ever offered at this price; one trial will convince those who want a shoe for comfort and service.

\$2.25 and \$2.00 Workingman's shoes are very strong and durable. Those who have given them a trial will wear no other make.

Boys' \$2.00 and \$1.75 school shoes are worn by the boys everywhere; they sell on their merits, as the increasing sales show.

Ladies' \$3.00 Hand-sewed shoes, best imported shoes costing from \$4.00 to \$5.00.

Ladies' 2.50, \$2.00 and \$1.75 shoe for Misses are the best fine calf, stylish and durable.

CAUTION—See that W. L. Douglas name and price are stamped on the bottom of each shoe.

TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE.

Just on local advertised dealers supplying you, **W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.** Sold by **For Sale by G. J. Van Duren, Eighth Street Holland, Mich.**

LUMBER,
Shingles,
and Lath

—AT—
Scott's Lumber Yards.
Office on River Street
Opposite old Phoenix Planing Mill.

Holland, Mich., March 30, 1893.

Scientific American Agency for PATENTS

CAVEATS, TRADE MARKS, DESIGN PATENTS, COPYRIGHTS, etc.

For information and free Handbook write to **SCOTT & CO., 261 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.** Oldest bureau for securing patents in America. Every patent taken out by us is brought before the public by a notice given free of charge in the **Scientific American**

Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Splendidly illustrated. No intelligent man should be without it. Weekly, \$3.00 a year; \$1.50 six months. Address **SCOTT & CO.,** 261 Broadway, New York City.

\$500 REWARD!

We will pay the above reward for any case of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Constipation, or Colic, which we cannot cure with Dr. West's Vegetable Liver Pills, when the directions are strictly and fully followed. They are purely Vegetable and never fail to give satisfaction. Sugar coated. For a box \$1.00. Beware of a counterfeit and imitations. The genuine medicine is only by **THE JOHN C. WEST CO., Chicago, Ill.**

Fall and Winter Clothing
—AT—
Jonkman & Dykema
Overcoats, Suits for Men, Boys and Children, Hats, Caps, Underwear.

This complete assortment is offered to the public at a discount of from
10 TO 35 PER CENT.

Here's a pointer: Examine all the stocks in the city, and then compare them with ours.

JONKMAN & DYKEMA.

Holland, Sept. 28 1893.

City Meat Market.
Wm. Van der Veere.
THE SEASON CHOICE MEATS.

The Best in the Market.
Cor. Eighth and Fish St.

GOOD ENOUGH!

Such is the verdict of those that have looked into the

FURNITURE EMPORIUM

—of—
RINGK & CO.,

and examined the latest arrivals of this season's goods

Carpets and Matting.

Immense Stock of Wall Paper and Trimmings.

The latest novelties in Baby Carriages.

120,000

is the number of packages that we expect to furnish to our customers the coming year.

BANGS' MAGIC GELERY.
The Remedy for Headache.

WARRANTED TO CURE ALL KINDS OF HEADACHE. CONTAINS NO POISONS. HAS NO EQUAL.

AN OFFER: Cut this out and take it to your nearest drugist. If he does not keep "MAGIC GELERY" send us his address and exactly what he told you, and we will send you a package free of cost.

Price at the Drug Store 25 Cents.

WILL Z. BANGS, Pharmacist. Grand Rapids, Mich.

Who will help us create a call for the REMEDY that cures HEADACHE.

H. H. KARSTEN,
Zeeland, Mich.

Buckwheat ground, and Buckwheat Flour sold or exchanged; warranted to be prime. Pearl Barley manufactured.

36 pounds of the best flour Given in exchange for a bushel of wheat.

Unclean Wheat purified free of charge. Highest price paid for

Wheat, Rye, Corn, Oats, Buckwheat and Barley

Elevator and Mill near R. R. station at Zeeland, Mich.

H. H. KARSTEN.

OUR NEIGHBORS.

Grand Haven.

The boilers for heating the new court house arrived last week and have been placed in position.

C. Nieferling is very sick at his home. Mrs. J. Verplanke of Nunica is very ill with typhoid fever.

Very few vessels put into Grand Haven harbor for shelter this fall, compared with other seasons.

The propeller City of Holland came into this port Saturday morning early. The storm was too severe for her to continue her trip to Chicago. The passengers when they landed thought they were in Chicago, and were inquiring the way to Jackson Park and the Cottage Grove line of street cars.

H. Ports is about again after a few days' illness.

The water works suit between the city and the Wiley Water Co., will be decided at this term of the Supreme court.

The city is infested by two juvenile gangs of desperadoes, known as the "Jesse James" and "Swamper" gangs. The boys, after reading some hair-raising wild west tales, had a rough and tumble combat on the public square the other day.

A party of government surveyors are here taking soundings of the river and making various other measurements on the beach.

Wooden shoes worn by people are quite common, but is not generally known that wooden shoes are also worn by horses. Henry Yonker of the firm of DeGlopper & Yonker is frequently called upon to make wooden shoes for horses that work on celery land. This land is naturally so soft, that with ordinary shoes horses often sink to their knees in the mire. The wooden shoes are made with a wide flat bottom and greatly facilitate the work.

One of the old Dutch customs, is to stand still when talking. This is often noticeable. Two Hollanders will be seen going down the street, and suddenly they will stop and begin talking vigorously. They will then proceed on their way and if the conversation becomes heated again will stop and talk until they cool down.

Jerry Boynton is still hustling the Grand River railway. He, with a Mr. Cressy, went over the roadbed between this city and Jenison the other day.—Tribune.

D. C. Wachs has opened a night school for young men.

The schooner Sophia Minch, which broke away from the steamer A. Everett off Point Betsey Friday night, was towed in here last Saturday night by the tug Crosby. The Minch lost all of her sails, with the exception of the main sail, her deck is badly sprung, her steering gear wrecked and tow posts loosened, but thus far she is not leaking. When she broke away from the Everett Capt. F. B. Dalton headed her south, running before the wind. She had gone about 100 miles before being picked up by the Crosby.

Zeeland.

C. Van Loos has devoted two weeks in assisting the Republicans in Iowa to carry the state next Tuesday. He reports the prospects as good.

Rev. M. Kohn and family, after visiting friends and relatives here, left on Thursday for their new home in Orange City, Ia.

Mrs. G. Vyn and daughter, of Wilkesboro, N. C., after spending the summer here with their daughter and sister, Mrs. Dr. O. Baert, have returned to their home.

C. Schaap, a farmer of Fillmore, and family, have taken up their abode in Zeeland village.

The installation of Rev. J. P. De Jonge as pastor of the Ref. church, will take place on Wednesday afternoon, Nov. 15. The sermon will be preached by Rev. J. Van Houte of Holland, with addresses, by Revs. G. De Jong and H. E. Dusker.

Allegan County.

They are actually building the old Coldwater & Mansfield railway, and are at work within thirty miles of Coldwater. But the thing is going off north through the centre of the state, or to one of the northwestern ports, instead of through the county of Allegan, as was originally intended.—Gazette.

The Douglas basket factory has manufactured this season 1,500,000 fruit baskets and crates.

A bald eagle measuring over six feet from tip to tip of its wings, was shot in Gauges last week.

In Grafschap traction engines are used to move houses.

The proprietors of the Hamilton creamery, who recently put in a plant in Allegan, say that they will erect a larger building there in the spring and manufacture butter. They have an excellent patronage at Hamilton, having made during the year up to October 1, 83,764 pounds of butter. June was the best month, when 15,894 pounds were made.

Dr. H. Boss of Fillmore is a busy man these days. He is building a new brick barn 28x40 feet, with a front entrance building 20x32 feet. This will be the brick between the studding. It requires all this room to accommodate his eight horses and various rigs. He takes a driver with him on his ride, and another attends the barn.—Gazette.

The stirs, Saugatuck, McVea and Weston have each made their last trip for the season.

Supervisor John Lubbers of Manlius has sold his farm and will hereafter reside in East Saugatuck.

Van Zwailenburgh & Michmershuizen is the name of a new firm in Holland. It's an awful long name, but Mr. Michmershuizen is an old resident of Overisel, Allegan county, and a royal good man. We hope the firm may acquire a fortune with as many figures as there are letters in the name.—Democrat.

At the temperance meeting held in Allegan last week about 40 were present to discuss the feasibility of local option for this county. A permanent committee was appointed consisting of Judge W. B. Williams, N. B. West, Chas. H. Wilkes, Geo. Oliver, Jr., and Dr. W. H. Bills. They will have entire supervision of the work of circulating

petitions and seeing that they are correctly worded, signed, and attested. The committee was delegated power to fill vacancies in its membership, should any occur from any cause. The work will be pushed vigorously and steadily, and the temperance people of the county are requested to give their hearty support, financially as well as otherwise, to the movement.

HE CHANGED HIS MIND.

The Singular Effect of a Pair of Spectacles on a Patagonian.

The author of "Idle Days in Patagonia" was listening, out of doors, to a conversation between two men, both past middle life and of about the same age, one an educated Englishman, wearing spectacles, the other a native Patagonian. All at once the native fixed his eyes on the spectacles worn by the other, and, bursting into a laugh, cried out:

"Why do you always wear those eye-hiding glasses straddled across your nose? Are they supposed to make a man look handsomer or wiser than other folks, or do you really imagine that you can see better because of them?"

To this mocking speech the other good humoredly replied that he had worn glasses for twenty years; that they did not only enable him to see much better than he could without them, but had preserved his sight from further decadence.

"How do you know that your own eyesight has not degenerated with time?" he continued. "You may try my glasses if you like. Our years are the same; it is just possible that our eyes may be in the same condition."

The gaucho laughed. The idea was too ridiculous. "What, see better with these things!" and he took them up gingerly in his hand, held them up to examine them, and finally put them on his nose.

He looked at one man, then at another; then he stared all around him, with an expression of utter astonishment, and in the end burst into exclamations of delight. Strange to say, the glasses exactly suited his vision, which, unknown to him, had probably been decaying for years.

"What is this I see?" he shouted. "What makes the trees look so green? They were never so green before! And so distinct! I can count their leaves."

It was hard to convince him that objects had once looked as distinct, and leaves as green, to his natural sight, as they did now through those magical glasses. But in the end he was convinced, and then he wanted to keep the spectacles. He pulled out the money to pay for them there and then, and was much put out when the owner insisted on having them back.

However, a pair was got for him shortly afterward, and with these on his nose he galloped about the country exhibiting them to all his neighbors and boasting of their miraculous power.

A YALE STORY.

How an Ingenious Student Got Along in the Psychology Recitations.

Yale's old south college and atheneum are now being demolished, and apropos a reminiscence student tells the Minneapolis Journal the following tale: It was when President Porter was holding recitations in the atheneum. In one of the class divisions was a young fellow active in athletics who found it difficult to blend proficiency in baseball with the forty pages of advance and review which made up the normal day's lesson in Dr. Porter's bulky volume on "Human Intellect." Taking advantage of Dr. Porter's easy-going recitations, the young fellow hit on the following device: He divided the forty pages into eight sections of five pages each. For each section he prepared an answer, usually based on a suggestive line or two, sometimes evolved purely from inner consciousness. At recitations he simply watched Dr. Porter turn the pages, basing his answer absolutely on the number of pages turned. From pages 5 to 10 meant answer No. 2, from pages 25 to 30 answer No. 6, and so on, not the slightest attention otherwise being paid to the question. The young pioneer in psychology, who rattled off the answer with all the flexibility of speech and earnestness he could command, always met a gracious smile from Dr. Porter, and found subsequently by this audacity he had secured a stand in psychology among the first half-dozen in the class. Years after he met Dr. Porter, and explained the trick and the result. The president turned the thing prettily. "Mr. Blank," answered he, "if you got eight ideas out of each forty pages of my 'Human Intellect,' you got so many more than most of your class that you deserve your stand."

WHAT THEY GOT.

Principally Left as Far as the Money Was Concerned.

When Artemus Ward died the press of England and America was filled with tributes to his memory. In New York a meeting of newspaper people was held, at which it was resolved that his memory should be perpetuated. The manner in which this was done was amusingly illustrated by a story told in Harper's Magazine some years ago. Whether or not the anecdote would be true to-day, we do not know, says the Youth's Companion.

A few summers ago I passed a week's vacation at Waterford, Me., and during my visit went to the village graveyard to view the final resting-place of Artemus Ward.

With some trouble I found the grave, there being nothing about the plain white slab to distinguish it from many similar ones around. While thinking and wondering that no monument had ever been erected to the humorist, a countryman approached, to whom I said:

"My friend, can you tell me why it is that Artemus never has had a monument erected to his memory?"

"Well, stranger, I guess I kin," was the reply. "You see, arter Artemus died three or four hundred printer fel-

lers down in New York city got together and passed some beautiful resolutions, saying that Artemus should have a monument, and they would pay for it then and there and then they took up a collection, which amounted to twenty dollars and sixty cents, so I'm told; and since then this town hasn't seen either the monument or the money; but, stranger, we did get a copy of the resolutions!"

BOTH PARTIES PLEASED.

The Amicable Terms Upon Which an Old Debt Was Paid.

Lawsuits are to be avoided by all honorable means. Nine times in ten the result is satisfactory to neither side. The Portland Argus, however, lately recorded one striking exception:

A Portland lawyer says that not long ago a man came into his office thoroughly angry, as men usually are when they go on such errands. He had called upon a debtor and asked him politely for the payment of a bill of two dollars and fifty cents and had been abused for his pains. Now he wanted the lawyer to collect it.

The lawyer demurred. The amount was too trifling. It would cost the whole of it to collect it.

"No matter," said the client. "I don't care if I don't get a cent, so long as that fellow has to pay it."

So the lawyer wrote the debtor a letter and in due time the latter appeared in high dudgeon. He didn't owe any two dollars and fifty cents and he wouldn't pay it.

"Very well," said the lawyer; "then my instructions are to sue. But I hardly think it will pay you to stand a suit for so small a sum."

"Who'll get the money if I pay it?" asked the man.

The lawyer was obliged to confess that he should.

"Oh, well," said the debtor, "that's another matter. If Mr. — isn't going to get it I am perfectly willing to pay it."

The debt was paid, the lawyer pocketed the amount, and, what is very unusual, all parties to the suit were perfectly satisfied.

A Queer Little Animal.

The meerkat of South Africa bears a resemblance to the American prairie dog, but is more easily domesticated. It is a tiny little creature about as big as a rat, very intelligent and affectionate as a dog when tamed. It barks and chatters and purrs, is an inveterate thief and spends much of its time standing upright. Its fur is gray, marked somewhat like a tabby cat, and it is wholly without fear. The dog is its favorite animal, and when tamed the meerkat invariably attaches itself to the most good-natured dog in the house. When wild these little animals live in colonies as the prairie dogs, burrowing their homes underground, living on roots. They express supreme satisfaction by lying flat down and stretching themselves out so that they seem like a flat skin without any bones inside it. The little creatures have black circles around their eyes, a stripe running underneath their bodies for its entire length and long, curving black claws on their little forepaws.

Deep Sea Soundings.

An elevation of the sea bed one hundred fathoms would suffice to lay bare the greatest part of the North sea, and join England to Denmark, Holland, Belgium and France. A deep channel of water would run down the west coast of Norway, and with this a majority of the firths would be connected. A great part of the bay of Biscay would disappear, but Spain and Portugal are but little removed from the Atlantic depression. The one hundred-fathom line approaches very near the west coast, and soundings of one thousand fathoms can be made within twenty miles of Cape St. Vincent, and much greater depths have been sounded at distances but little greater than this from the western shores of the Iberian peninsula.



A NARROW ESCAPE!

How it Happened.

The following remarkable event in a lady's life will interest the reader: "For a long time I had a terrible pain at my heart, which flattered almost incessantly. I had no appetite and could not sleep. I would be compelled to sit up in bed and belch gas from my stomach until I thought every minute would be my last. There was a feeling of oppression about my heart, and I was afraid to draw a full breath. I couldn't sweep a room without sitting down and resting; but, thank God, by the help of New Heart Cure all that is past and I feel like another woman. Before using the New Heart Cure I had taken different so-called remedies and been treated by doctors without any benefit until I was both discouraged and disgusted. My husband bought me a bottle of Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure, and am happy to say I never regretted it, as I now have a splendid appetite and sleep well. I weighed 125 pounds when I began taking the remedy, and now I weigh 120; its effect in my case has been truly marvelous. It far surpasses any other medicine I have ever taken or any benefit I ever received from any medicine."—Mrs. Harry Starr, Postville, Pa., October 12, 1892.

Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure is sold on a positive guarantee by all druggists, or by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind., on receipt of price. At per bottle, six bottles \$5, express prepaid. This great discovery by an eminent specialist in heart disease, contains neither opiates nor dangerous drugs.

Sold by all druggists.

New Fall and Winter Goods!

Have Arrived at

Bosman Brothers.

Don't forget to ask for prices on

Overcoats, Suits, Underclothing.

We Can Save You Money.

Eighth St., Holland.

ÆTNA Planing Mill.

James Huntley, Prop.

Best assorted lumber-yard in the city. Lumber of all kinds and grades.

Lath, Sash, Doors, Building Hardware, Brick, Sash, and Doors, Paints etc.

Plans and Specifications for Stores, Residences, Factories and all sorts of Buildings prepared on short notice.

Having purchased the

C. L. KING SAW MILL

I will be prepared to fill orders for Lumber, Lath, and Shingles on short notice.

James Huntley.

Holland, Mich., April 15, 1892.

The NEW DRUG STORE

We have just opened business in the store formerly occupied by Dr. Wm. Van Putten and have all the leading PATENT MEDICINES.

A Complete Stock of Pure Drugs!

Wines and Liquors,

for Medicinal Purposes.

Toilet Articles, Sponges and Chamoise Skin.

DIAMOND DYES, ETC., ETC.

Special attention given to the careful compounding of prescriptions!

Finest Brands of Cigars.

For the accommodation of the public we have put in a full supply of stamps, postal cards and wrappers.

L. KRAMER.

LOKKER & RUTGERS

are now established in their new store,

The New Columbia Block,

1 door west of the old Notier & Verschure block.

Do you buy your Clothing in Holland?

Do you know that by so doing you can buy cheaper and have a larger assortment to choose from? We have as large and fine a stock of

Ready Made Clothing and Overcoats

as can be found in the city.

You can do just as well or better by buying of us that at any other place in town.

The New Styles in Suits and Overcoats are being received.

39 ly

HARDWARE 1893.

of

J. B. VAN OORT.

Special attention is called to new Gasoline Stoves.

"Aurora" and "New Aurora."

This last is the latest and most improved Gasoline Stove in the market.

Also a full line of Oil Stoves.

PAINTS.

The celebrated Paints of *Heath & Molygan* are kept on hand, in all shades and colors.

CREOLITE,

A new substance for floor painting. Dries bone-hard in one night, is free from tack, and durable.

J. B. VAN OORT.

Holland, Mich., March 24, 1892.

To the Farmers!

Be sure and look well this season to your own interest, in buying your Hay Loaders and other farming tools.

I keep at present the *Book Island Rake* and *Hay Loader* combined, which is far ahead of anything yet offered in this vicinity. It has already been tested, to the best satisfaction, by one of our largest farmers in Fillmore, Kansas Dykshuis. He professes it far above the *Keystone*.

Also something new in the *Hay unloading line*, with which you can unload your grain as well as your hay.

The *American Cultivator* and *Seed and Bean Puller* combined. Will pull from 6 to 10 acres in one day.

The *American Disk Harrow* and *Pulverizer*. Also the *North Molester Spring Tooth Harrow*, all steel. No loading up of dirt.

The *Five-tooth Cultivator*, all steel.

Land Rollers, Plows, Hay Rakes, Double Shovel and Three Shovel Cultivators, Hay Forks and Hay Attachments.

I also keep on hand a full line of Suggies, Road and Farm Wagons, and Carts.

Particular attention is called to my new *Patent Double Truss Braces*, which I now put on all my wagons, and of which I am the sole proprietor for this city. This is the only true truss brace made. No extra charge. Upon short notice I fill every order in the *Wagon* and *Blacksmith line*. Carriage and Wagon Painting done in the most satisfactory manner.

At Wholesale and Retail—a full line of Iron and Steel.

I buy all kinds of Furs, and keep a full line of *Bees Supplies*.

All the above goods I will sell at close margin, for Cash, or good Bankable paper.

Thanking you for your past patronage I solicit your further trade during the ensuing season.

J. Fleman.

Warehouse and Shop on River Street, Holland, Mich.